



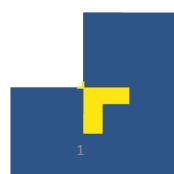
### **EURAD-2 SECOND WAVE**

RD&D and StSt WP selection process
F2F Exchange Meeting to assist templates #2 preparation

**EURAD-2 Bureau** 



Co-funded by the European Union under Grant Agreement n° 101166718



#### WE ARE HERE **SELECTION PROCESS: OVERVIEW** 2025 2026 2024 12 12 12 10 11 5 6 8 9 10 5 6 8 9 10 11 4 1<sup>st</sup> Wave 2<sup>nd</sup> Wave Approval of **EURAD EURAD** General 2<sup>nd</sup> wave **EURAD EURAD** GA n°3 GA n°2 WPs **Assembly** GA n°4 GA n°5 8 Sep 26 Mar (June 2026) Exch. Identify Meeting Identification & submission college Exchanges between of topic proposals by each Exchanges between Bureau, PMO, WP CT & represe Bureau, PMO and **Colleges** colleges Colleges ative in Colleges (3 Sep) WP CT template #1 (10 Oct) margin Current StSt can provide a template #2 Selected WPs could be WP CT provide a (10 Dec) **Current StSt WP Boards /** further described template #3 interactions template #3 "long WP proposal coordination teams (WP CT) (30 April) version" WP CT can provide a 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WP template #2 Eligib. Coordination on budget **PMO** (10 Dec) check proposal sent aspects to EC (30 sep) Top up budget Development of the selection process Short list Compilati Consolida Start of the Proposal of 2<sup>nd</sup> **Short list** of WP **Preliminary** on of the process: ted list of Wave WPs to of WP proposals presentation eligible "long list" internal call the GA Bureau continuing of the proposals of topic WP is issued (end of May (end the process to GA /ave p 26/11/2025 (beginning of proposals proposals 2026)

(10 Oct)

(8 Sep)

(26 Mar)

June)

process

(Jan 2026)

	WP# Acronym		Acronym	Titles of the related proposals		Template #1 from College		WP Coordination Teams (WP CTs)			
						TSO	RE	WMO	TSO	RE	
		StStWP1	ECOED A NA E	Operational scientific data management	Х			maria anna hrunaauu	nadja.zeleznik@eimv.si	som olia ishim @ausloor ro	
			ECOFRAME	Towards robust decision-making processes in RWM through participatory data analysis and co-creative development of scenarios		Х		marie-anne.bruneaux@andra.fr	deputy: nataline.simon@asnr.fr	camelia.ichim@nuclear.ro	
		StStWP2	TOSCA	Toxic substances/ chemicals	Х			benjamin.frasca@andra.fr	frederic.coppin@asnr.fr	anke.neumann-jenal@psi.ch	
StSt		StStWP3	GENESIS	Guidance for European (TE)NORM & DU enabled strategies for integrated stewardship	grated stewardship	yv_kydriashova@sstc.ua deputy: konrad.lotter@ages.at	fidel.grandia@amphos21.com				
				Investigating analogues for trusted understanding of repository assessment		Χ					
		StStWP4	NASTRAT	Natural Analogues: Strategic review of holistic utilisation of NAs in radioactive waste disposal			х		anamaria.fernandez@ciemat.es	heini.reijonen@gtk.fi	
		StStWP5		THMC Host Rocks: Assessing the end user gaps and needs on THMC(B) properties of HR – defining a common strategy			х	No WP CT member identified.	baksay.attila@gmail.com	arnaud.dizier@euridice.be	
		R&DWP1		Intelligence (AI) / machine learning for analysis of site characterisation data and other large datasets	Х			david.eastwell@nuclearwasteservice s.uk	wpfingsten@pop.agri.ch	nikolaos.prasianakis@psi.ch	
	From templates	R&DWP2	MOGARE	MOdelling of GAs behaviour and migration at the REpository scale storage/disposal	Х			jacques.wendling@andra.fr	zakaria.saadi@asnr.fr	luca.urpi@psi.ch	
	#1	R&DWP3	DEEPCHEM	Detection and Evaluation of Electrochemical and pH Conditions for Corrosion and HEterogeneous Monitoring	Х			johan.bertrand@andra.fr	charles.wittebroodt@asnr.fr	c.boxall@lancaster.ac.uk	
		R&DWP4	CSFD ext	Experimental investigation of nuclide composition in SF for post-closure criticality safety	Х			anna.alvestav@skb.se	eva.leser@base.bund.de	mathieu.hursin@epfl.ch	
		R&DWP5	SAFEBIT	Assessment of the long-term evolution and safety of bituminous radioactive waste		Χ		jan.rosdahl@skb.se	georges.matta@asnr.fr	petr.vecernik@ujv.cz	
		R&DWP6	GEOSCALE	Repository site flow and transport models		Х		michael.schnellmann@nagra.ch	pirjo.hella@vtt.fi deputy: susan.britz@grs.de jeroen.mertens@belv.be	jon.engstrom@gtk.fi mirjam.kiczka@unibe.ch	
		R&DWP10		Developing site screening strategies and procedures for integrated site descriptive models			х				
		200112		Backfilling materials for disposal: ensuring long-term stability and performance		Х			oliver.czaikowski@grs.de		
R&D		R&DWP7		Materials for enhancing passive safety and robustness of Engineered Barrier Systems			х	jean.talandier@andra.fr	deputy: alexandre.dauzeres@asnr.fr	janez.perko@sckcen.be	
		R&DWP8		Development of robust and versatile conditioning matrices for challenging waste streams			х	jlen@enresa.es	radouane.sghir@belv.be	Quoc.tri.phung@sckcen.be	
		R&DWP9		Self-Powered Monitoring Systems for Radioactive Waste Repositories			Х	renaud.fallourd@andra.fr	rita.plukiene@ftmc.lt	jl.garciasineriz@amphos21.com deputy: susana.tunon@amphos21.com	
				WP Proposal from ASTRA							
				WP Proposal from CLIMATE							
	From 1st			WP Proposal from DITOCO							
	wave StSt			WP Proposal from DITUSC							
				WP Proposal from OPTI				assist			
				WP Proposal from FORSAFF							

WP# Acronym		Acronym	Titles of the related proposals		Tem	Template #1 from College			WP Coordination Teams (WP CTs)			
						wmo	TSO	RE	WMO		TSO	RE
	Ş	StStWP1	ECOEDAME	Operational scientific data man  Towards robust decision-makin	agement g processes in RWM through participatory data analysis and co-creative	presses in RWM through participatory data analysis and co-creative			marie-anne.bruneaux@andra.fr	,	zeleznik@eimv.si y: nataline.simon@asnr.fr	camelia.ichim@nuclear.ro
				development of scenarios			Х		исри			
	Ş	StStWP2	TOSCA	oxic substances/ chemicals		Х			benjamin.frasca@andra.fr	freder	ic.coppin@asnr.fr	anke.neumann-jenal@psi.ch
StSt	Ş	StStWP3	GENESIS	Guidance for European (TE)NOI	pean (TE)NORM & DU enabled strategies for integrated stewardship		Х		enga@enresa.es	ı – ·	driashova@sstc.ua y: konrad.lotter@ages.at	fidel.grandia@amphos21.com
		CICINADA		Investigating analogues for trus	ted understanding of repository assessment		Х				e de ferre e de Oriente e	hatataa Call C
		StStWP4 I	NASTRAT	Natural Analogues: Strategic re	view of holistic utilisation of NAs in radioactive waste disposal			х	erika.neeft@covra.nl	anam	aria.fernandez@ciemat.es	heini.reijonen@gtk.fi
	Ç	StStWP5		THMC Host Rocks: Assessing th common strategy	From the templates #1 (after the	e me	erge	of s	some proposals):		attila@gmail.com	arnaud.dizier@euridice.be
	F	R&DWP1		Intelligence (AI) / machine lear						ten@pop.agri.ch	nikolaos.prasianakis@psi.ch	
	From (templates	R&DWP2	MOGARE	Odelling of GAs behaviour ar   9 R&D WP Proposals					saadi@asnr.fr	luca.urpi@psi.ch		
#	#1	R&DWP3	DEFPUREIVE I	Detection and Evaluation of Ele Monitoring	rom the 1 <sup>st</sup> wave StSt WP:					wittebroodt@asnr.fr	c.boxall@lancaster.ac.uk	
	F	R&DWP4	CSFD ext	Experimental investigation of r	<ul> <li>Maximum 6 R&amp;D WP proposa</li> </ul>	als			er@base.bund.de	mathieu.hursin@epfl.ch		
		R&DWP5	SAFEBIT	Assessment of the long-term e							.matta@asnr.fr	petr.vecernik@ujv.cz
	-	R&DWP6	GEOSCALE	Repository site flow and transp		aximum templates #2 expected on 10/12:				lla@vtt.fi susan.britz@grs.de	jon.engstrom@gtk.fi mirjam.kiczka@unibe.ch	
		R&DWP10		Developing site screening strat	<u> </u>						mertens@belv.be	ja
R&D	<u> </u>	R&DWP7		Backfilling materials for dispos	<ul> <li>15 R&amp;D WP Proposals</li> </ul>						zaikowski@grs.de	janez.perko@sckcen.be
NOLD				Materials for enhancing passive	safety and robustness of Engineered Barrier Systems			Х		ueput	y. alexandre.dauzeres@asnr.fr	
	F	R&DWP8		Development of robust and ver	satile conditioning matrices for challenging waste streams			х	jlen@enresa.es	radou	ane.sghir@belv.be	Quoc.tri.phung@sckcen.be
	R&DWP9 Self-Powered Monitoring Systems for Radioactive Was			Self-Powered Monitoring System	ms for Radioactive Waste Repositories			х	renaud.fallourd@andra.fr	rita.pl	ukiene@ftmc.lt	jl.garciasineriz@amphos21.com deputy: susana.tunon@amphos21.com
				WP Proposal from ASTRA								
				WP Proposal from CLIMATE								
	From 1st			WP Proposal from DITOCO								
	wave StSt		_	WP Proposal from DITUSC								
	Ţ			WP Proposal from OPTI					assist			
	Ţ			WP Proposal from FORSAFF								
-									•			

#### **OBJECTIVES OF THE MEETING**

- Provide all stakeholders with an UpToDate overview of the templates #2 preparation.
- Exchange on possible issues relates to some templates #2 preparation.
- Start exchanging about the next steps of the selection process:
  - What are the views of the Colleges?
  - Which directions should we take for selecting the second wave WPs?



#### **PARTICIPANTS**

#### Indicative, late registrations not taken into account

Colleges	Number of Persons registered	Number of organisations registered	Number of organisations in total in EURAD-2	Registered org. / Total org EURAD-2	Registered Pers / Total Registered Pers
RE	31	15	23	65%	41%
WMO	27	15	31	48%	36%
TSO	18	9	26	35%	24%
Total	76	39	80		

- Not a very equilibrated representation of the colleges in the audience.
- WP CTs and 1<sup>st</sup> wave StSt are only partially represented.
- Today the focus is on discussions, and not on decisions.



#### **FINAL AGENDA**

Time	What	Who
13:30	Introduction	Bureau
13:40	Current status of templates #2 preparation	Bureau
	≈ 13:40 – 14:00 Part 1  1)EBS Materials, 2) & 3) GEOSCALE ( <u>Geo</u> sphere models as a tool for improving confidence in <u>site</u> <u>c</u> haracterization and <u>a</u> ssessment of <u>l</u> ong term <u>e</u> volution and safety), merged of Integrated site descriptive	Elke J.
	models & site flow and transport models, 4) THMC Host Rocks ≈ 14:00 − 14:20 Part 2	Anne K.
	<ol> <li>MOGARE, 6) Intelligence (AI)/Machine learning for analysis of site characterisation data and other large datasets, 7) DITUSC proposal, 8) Natural Analogues</li> </ol>	
	≈ 14:20 – 14:40 Part 3 9) CLIMATE proposal, 10) OPTI proposal, 11) Self-powered monitoring systems, 12) Heterogeneous Monitoring (electrochemical and pH conditions)	Xavier P.
	For each part, the Bureau will present 4 templates #2 and then moderate ≈10min of Q/A (addressing notably possible open issues).	

14:45	Break		
15:00	≈ 15:00 – 15:20 Part 4	Bureau	
	13) ECOFRAME, 14) DITOCO proposal, 15) Conditioning matrices for challenging waste streams, 16) SAFEBIT, 17) GENESIS	Astrid G.	
	≈ 15:20 – 15:40 Part 5	Sabrina D.	
	18) TOSCA Toxic substances & chemicals, 19) FORSAFF proposal, 20) ASTRA proposal, 21) CSfD extension		
	For each part (in one case 5), the Bureau will present 4 templates #2 and then moderate ≈10min of Q/A (addressing notably possible open issues).		
15:45	Break		
16:00	- College perspectives on how the current WP proposals would answer the College needs and what are the possible issues they see for the next steps of the selection process  Initial talks by RE and TSO college representatives (WMO views will already be shared during the IGD-TP Exchange Forum), followed by Q&A Panel discussion with the 3 Colleges on "How our WP proposals complement each other to form a "programme" for the second wave of EURAD-2, and what criteria do we see as important for the upcoming selection steps" and Q&A.	College representatives  Bureau  SITEX: Valéry D.  EURADSciences: Didier L.  IGD-TP  Bureau: Valéry D.  Moderators: Elke J., Christophe I	D.
17:30	Break		
17:40	Wrap-up and conclusions	Bureau	
18:00	End of the meeting	Astrid G. eurad 2	



EBS Materials		StSt WP
EDS Materials	X	RD&D WP
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will ready).		Green

To develop innovative sustainable materials, processes and manufacturing techniques that enhance the robustness and passive safety of radioactive waste disposal systems through the use of alternative container materials, innovative backfill materials and the sustainable use of closure materials.

**End users will profit** from the development of EBS material alternatives for future safe and sustainable development of disposal facilities.

#### WP main tasks

- Task 1: Indicators and assessment of sustainable EBS Task 2: Materials for HLW and SF disposal containers Task 3: Backfill material design to prevent mechanical damage
- Task 4: Reuse and repurposing of closure/backfill material

- Issues faced currently (if any?) The main challenge is to align all interested partners with the
- objectives of the project and to define what is out of the scope To assure no overlaps with other on-going or proposed projects

#### Current potentially interested partners

WMOs: ANDRA

TSOs: ASNR, Energorisk, GRS, PSI

RES: SCK CEN, KIPT, BGR, CVUT, GSL, CEA, CEPN, Univ-Lorraine, Merience, HUN-REN, GSF, 26/11/2025 Meeting about templates #2 preparation SIIEG NASU, Uni-Hannover





Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	3.2.1 HLW and SF Containers 3.3.1 Buffers 3.3.2 Backfills
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme 3: Engineered Barrier Systems Theme 5: Disposal facility design and optimization Theme 7: Safety Case
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Tailored Solutions Driver 2: Innovation for Optimisation

WP6 STREAM – sustainable treatment of challenging waste

WP9 InCoManD – Innovative container materials WP10 ANCHORS – Evolution of bentonite barriers WP13 OPTI – HLW repository optimisation Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

R&DWP8 – conditioning also belongs to EBS system



#### Proposal of a new merged WP 10/6:

#### <u>GEO</u>SPHERE MODELS AS A TOOL FOR IMPROVING CONFIDENCE IN <u>SITE</u> <u>CHARACTERIZATION AND ASSESSMENT OF LONG-TERM EVOLUTION AND SAFETY</u> (GEOSCALE)

**Original Proposal WP10:** Developing site screening strategies and procedures for integrated site descriptive models

Task 1: Development of policies and best practices for site Partly sceening strategies and siting See extra slide criteria

**Task 2:** Development of progressing site descriptive models in connection to siting stages and conditions

**Task 3:** Comprehensive set of methods for fast and efficient evaluation of borehole

currounding goognhore

**Task 4:** Tools and workflows towards integrated models for assessment of long-term evolution of disposal facility and

**New-merged Proposal WP10/6:** Geosphere models as a tool for improving confidence in site characterization and assessment of long-term evolution and Safety

**Task 1:** Geosphere requirements and parameters with respect to long-term safety 1.1 Review & State of the art report

1.2 Definition of requirements for site descriptive flow and transport models

**Task 2:** Development and benchmarking of modeling strategies for geosphere evolution in crystalline and sedimentary host rock

2.1: Definition of benchmark scenarios
2.2 Implementation and evaluation of benchmarking approaches
2.3 The evaluation of site descriptive per

2.3 The evolution of site descriptive models during progressive data generation

**Task 3:** Approaches for efficient generation of model parameters from field investigation

**Original Proposal WP6:** Repository site flow and transport models

**Task 1:** Review of existing modelling approaches

**Task 2:** Planning of benchmark study

**Task 3:** Benchmark study in crystalline and clay host rock

**Task 4:** Analysis and recommendations





# WP6/WP10: <u>GEOSPHERE MODELS AS A TOOL FOR IMPROVING</u> CONFIDENCE IN <u>SITE CHARACTERIZATION AND ASSESSMENT OF</u> LONG-TERM <u>EVOLUTION AND SAFETY</u> (GEOSCALE)

StSt WP RD&D WP

WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).

Green, orange or red

#### WP Objectives & added value for end users

The WP defines modelling approaches, exploration strategies and framework for data required at different stages of the siting process serving the needs for siting, site characterization and assessment of the long-term evolution for geosphere models, in particular flow and transport models. The WP will provide procedures and data needed to build trust in geosphere models and to improve credibility and robustness of site-specific data management and mitigate uncertainties. The WP will also increase the awareness and the social acceptance of siting procedures for the society.

#### WP main tasks

Task 1: Geosphere requirements and parameters with respect to long term safety

Task 2: Development and benchmarking of modeling strategies for geosphere evolution in crystalline and sedimentary host rock

- Task 2.1: Definition of benchmark scenarios for flow and transport modelling
- Task 2.2: Implementation and evaluation of benchmarking approaches
- Task 2.3: The evolution of site descriptive flow and transport models during progressive data generation

Task 3: Approaches for efficient generation of model parameters from field investigation

Issues faced currently (if any?)

We might be short in time to involve all interested organisations to allow a bottom up approach

#### Current potentially interested partners

WMOs ca. 5 TSOs ca. 10

REs ca. 30





Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 4.1.1: Site descriptive model Topic 4.1.2: Aqueous transport and retention Topic 6.2.2: Detailed site characterisation and site confirmation
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme 4: Geoscience Theme 6: Siting and licensing Theme 7: Safety Case
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Implementation Safety Scientific Insight Knowledge Management

Which WPs and which interactions?

- KM >> Geosphere models are tools for knowledge management
- HERMES >> Tools and platforms for model coupling
- CLIMATE >> Coupling to long term evolution and scenarios
- DÌTUSC >> Relevant for implementing chemistry in geosphere models
- RAMPEC >> Coupling to long term evolution and scenarios

Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

Which WPs and which interactions?

- Artificial Intelligence (AI) / machine learning for analysis of site characterisation data and other large datasets
- >> Collaboration and exchange of experience (Task 3)
- Assessing the end user gaps and needs on THMC(B) properties of HR – defining a common strategy
- >> Collaboration regarding requirements and parameters



## Main change for the merged WP:

#### Task 1 has been focused on the geosphere to closer align with the other tasks of the new proposal

## Original WP 10 Proposal Task 1 (Siting strategies and criteria)

Task 1: Development of policies and best practices for site screening strategies, criteria and their communication strategy based on literature review/collection of expert knowledge and end user entities.

- Geoscientific, environmental and socioeconomic siting criteria,
- GIS-based analysis processes including data quality management.
- Development of policies and best practices for site screening processes.
- Communication
- Assessment of alternative sites, e.g. develop screening criteria applied for candidate sites of SMR including procedures for waste management.

What is still in the new WP?

Literature review /expert assessment of best practices and criteria with respect to geosphere models and site descriptive modelling workflows

Geoscientific siting criteria

Geosphere models as a tool for communication and trust building

Knowledge and Data quality management

What has not yet been considered in the new WP?

Assessment of alternative sites, e.g. develop screening criteria applied for candidate sites of SMR including procedures for waste management. (SMR are investigated in WP FORSAFF)

Environmental and socio-economic siting criteria are not included

No development of nation specific siting strategies, GIS bases analysis processes





Assessing the end user gaps and needs on THMC(B) properties of HR –	05	StSt WP
defining a common strategy		RD&D WP
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).		orange

The objective is to systematically identify knowledge gaps and prioritize research needs related to the upscaling of THMC(B) processes and gas transport, and to understand how properties can be derived in clayey host formations and clay-based engineered barrier systems (EBS). Engagement with end-users of national programmes will take place at all stages to incorporate the needs of both early-stage and advanced countries

#### WP main tasks

Task 1: Management

Task 2: Knowledge management

Task 3: Identification of Knowledge Gaps in

THMC(B) Behavior

Task 4: Proposal of a Common Perspective

Issues faced currently (if any?)

No involvement of WMO

#### Current potentially interested partners

0- WMO

6 - TSO

24 - RE





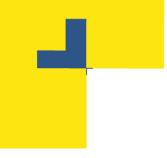
Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 4.2 perturbation Topic 4.4 Geosynthesis Topic 7.1 Safety strategy
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Engineered Barrier Systems (Theme 3)  Geoscience (Theme 4)  Disposal facility design and optimisation (Theme 5)
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Scientific insight

WP2 KM
WP10 ANCHORS
WP13 OPTI
WP15 DITOCO2030
WP16 HERMES

Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

R&DWP02 - MOdelling of GAs behaviour and migration at the REpository scale storage/disposal





MOGARE (MOdelling of Gas behavior and migration at the Repository scale)		StSt WP
MOGANE (MOGENING OF Gas behavior and migration at the <u>ne</u> pository scate)	X	RD&D WP
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).		Green

NAGRA, ONDRAF, PURAM, SKB

The main objective of this WP is to <u>provide new advances</u> (compared to the one provided in EURAD-GAS) for better consideration of gases in the long-term safety and in the <u>optimization of the EBS</u>, which could be used by WMOs to <u>optimize repository concepts</u> and could <u>increase the confidence of the various stakeholders</u> (TSO and public) regarding gas considerations.

WP main tasks	Issues faced curr	ently (if any?)			
Task 1 : Coordination task  Task 2 : Numerical modelling on behaviour in, and performance of, a deep repository	Reduction of the contour of the WP (no more task on "sub-surface repository") to be able to manage a fruitful work in the 3 years on the WP as the number of teams able to work on a two-phase flow model at repository scale is limited and benchmarking of approaches / results of simulations from the different teams is important; all the teams should work on the same task, for deep repository.				
	teams should wo	k on the same task, for deep rep	ository.		
Current potentially interested partners			$ \alpha$		
Andra, ARAO, BGE, COVRA,	ASNR	PSI, EDF	Cull du L		

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	Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	3.4.1 EBS 5 5.1 Design 7.3.1 Perfo	•	
	Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Engineered Barrier Systems (Theme 3) Disposal facility design and optimisation (Theme 5) Safety Case (Theme 7)		
	Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Scientific Ir	tation Safety nsight Management	
1	ible interactions between your ' 0-2 WPs (if any)?	WP and	Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2 <sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?	
Some links with flow characteri	n ANCHORS, in terms of seal tw	o-phase		



#### AIMLBIGD

StSt WP

X

WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).

Orange

#### WP Objectives & added value for end users

To develop and evaluate AI and machine learning methodologies for integrating borehole derived subsurface datasets to enhance geological understanding and predictive modelling in support of Geological Disposal Facility (GDF) siting.:

- Use large data sets from WMOs for AI and machine learning methods, particularly convolutional models, offer powerful tools for integrating diverse and complex subsurface datasets.
- · Apply convolutional techniques that have been shown to link digitised core photographs with descriptive metadata
- Forward and reverse predictions allow for the synthesis or interpretation of missing or incomplete data based on learned patterns, together with an efficient check of the consistency of the different data response.
- The databases aggregated in the siting process for a GDF lends these datasets ideally towards AI convolutional models
- The results of successfully integrating all subsurface data into a complex convolutional model is an enhanced understanding of the behaviour of, and ultimately the characterisation of GDF host rock units.

#### WP main tasks

- Task 1: Management/coordination of WP
- Task 2: KM
- Task 3: Develop a comprehensive set of best practice, processes, standards and structure for borehole data including:
  - Develop a database structure for the storage of borehole data within a database referencing all data collected from an archetypal site characterisation borehole.
  - Identify how all data (including ascii, image files, records, engineering parameters etc.) may be structured according to a standard reference frame e.g. depth and identify how data of variable sample interval, sample frequency may be stored
- Task 4: Develop a standardised reference database for future research applications
  - Utilise example data provided by a WMO, generate a reference database. Validate structure of all identified data types.
  - Incorporate mechanisms for data import/export in machine-readable formats (e.g., JSON, XML).
- Task 5: Demonstrate proof-of-concept
  - Demonstrate potential applications through the generation of statistical analysis of stored data, perform statistical analyses (supervised and unsupervised clustering) to identify lithological or geotechnical patterns.
  - Demonstrate integration of qualitative and quantitative data in machine learning workflows. Illustrate how the database can feed visualization tools, predictive models, or decision-support systems. Provide examples of automated data extraction and transformation for downstream applications.

#### Issues faced currently (if any?)

 Overlap R&DWP10 Developing site screening strategies and procedures for integrated site descriptive models



#### Current potentially interested partners

	- 4.1.1 Develop a model of the host rock and surrounding geological, the WP (max 3, primary in bold)  - 4.1.1 Develop a model of the host rock and surrounding geological, including distributions of rock types, geometry and - 4.1.2 Describe bedrock transport properties - 4.2.1 Characterize or confirm the chemical, hydrogeological, thermal, geomicrobiological, gaseous and radiation-induced particles.			
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold) Theme is		Theme n4: 0	Siting and Licensing	
	Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Tailored Solutions Driver 2: Scientific insight Driver 3: Innovation for Optimisation		
Links and pos	sible interactions between your	WP and	Links and possible interactions between your WP and other	
ongoing EURAD-2 WPs (if any)?			proposed EURAD-2 2 <sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?	
WP11 HERMES			R&DWP10 Developing site screening strategies and procedures for integrated site descriptive models	



# <u>THermodynamic Experimental Research and Methods for Overcoming Gaps in Analysing Performance (ThermoGAP)</u> DITUSC board evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but

χ RD&D WP

See issues faced

StSt WP

### WP Objectives & added value for end users

For a defined set of safety-relevant topics - such as poorly retarded radionuclides (e.g., I, Se) and detrimental effects of (ternary-quaternary) complexes (organics, carbonates, silicates) on speciation and solubility, potentially overlooked beneficial processes in PA/SA, and optimization choices - the objective is to move beyond the current state of thermodynamic knowledge by integrating experimental evidence with advanced thermodynamic models. The aim is to establish scientifically defensible methodologies and formulate practical recommendations that can be reliably applied within the Safety Case, thereby reducing uncertainties and strengthening the overall robustness of safety assessments by increasing safety margins and informing optimization in EBS.

WP main tasks

Issues faced currently

### 1 Management / Coo

- Management / Coordination of the WP
- 2. Knowledge Management
- Improvement of scientific basis to feed TDBs (experimental work & estimation methods)
   Thermodynamic model development and refinement

still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).

- F. Development of reached alogicalization and the formula of a series of the CO.
- 5. Development of methodologies/recommendations for applications in the SC
- 6. (Communication and interactions with Civil Society to build mutual trust around reference cases)

TSO

#### **Current potentially interested partners**

\*end user **WM** 

Andra\*, BGE\*, SKB,

CIEMAT, GRS, NRG, NTW

Amphos 21, Česk vysoké učení v Praze, CNRS, Forschungszentrum Jülich, GalsonSC, HZDR, KIT-INE, Lancaster University, SCK CEN, UFZÚJV Řež, a. s. preparation based on 2<sup>nd</sup> DITUSC workshop transversal prioritization (held on

DITUSC shared vision is in

prioritization (held on 19&20/Nov). Further engagement with representatives of the 3 colleges and DITUSC End-User Group is needed to confirm interested parties. Shared shortterm high priority topics have

been identified at the operational

leading management is required.

level, but confirmation from

Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	7.3.1 Performance assessment and system models 3.4.1 EBS system 4.4.1 Geo-datasets and conceptual models
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	<ul> <li>Safety Case</li> <li>Engineered Barrier Systems</li> <li>Geoscience</li> </ul>
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	<ul> <li>Implementation Safety</li> <li>Scientific Insight</li> <li>Innovation for Optimisation</li> </ul>

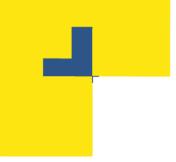
- WP12 RAMPEC
- WP8 SAREC
- WP9 INCOMAND
- WP16 HERMES
- WP6 STREAM
- WP14 SUDOKU

#### **WP CT proposal**

- WMO: S. Brassinnes (ONDRAF Belgium)
- TSO: T. Misana (CIEMAT- Spain)
- **RE:** X. Gaona (KIT-INE Germany)

## Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2nd wave WPs (if any)?

- StStWP2: TOSCA: Toxic substances/ chemicals
- R&DWP8: Development of robust and versatile conditioning matrices for challenging waste streams
- R&DWP7: Backfilling materials for disposal: ensuring long-term stability and performance /Materials for enhancing passive safety and robustness of Engineered Barrier Systems
- R&DWP5: Assessment of the long-term evolution and safety of bituminous radioactive waste (SAFEBIT)
- R&DWP3: Detection and Evaluation of Electrochemical and pH Conditions for Corrosion and HEterogeneous Monitoring



Natural Analogues – Strategic review of holistic use of NAs in radioactive waste disposal
(NATSTRAT)

X StSt WP

WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).

Green

#### WP Objectives & added value for end users

Objectives: 1. defining state of the art and critical gap analysis on NAs (including archaeological and anthropogenic analogues) for HLW and L/ILW concepts, 2. providing guidance for holistic use of NAs in disposal programmes (including safety cases and stakeholder communication)
Added value: identify unexplored areas for focussed future R&D, further reduce uncertainties in SC and improve communication and make the most of an underused asset

#### WP main tasks

Task 1: Management and coordination of WP

Task 2: Knowledge management and training

Task 3: FEP based gap analysis and state-of-the-art review on the analogues used in safety cases (utilizing existing literature)

Task 4: Feasibility assessment for future NA studies

Task 5: Final structured and versatile assessment report for selecting

future study topics

#### Issues faced currently (if any?)

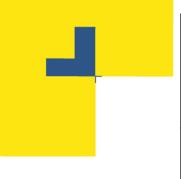
None

#### Current potentially interested partners

WMOs: ANDRA (FR), ENRESA (ES), COVRA (NL), NUMO (JP)

TSOs: CIEMAT (ES), Merience (ES), UGR (ES), UDC (ES), VTT (FI), EIMV (SI), EIMV (SI), NTW (FR), CEPN (FR), GRS (DE), BGR (DE), LBL (USA), SSTC NRS (UA), SÚRO (CZ)

RES: GTK (FI), VTT (FI), CEA (FR), BRGM (FR), EGIS (FR), FZ-JUELICH (DE), GFZ Helmholtz (DE), KIT (DE), HZDR (DE), UFZ (DE), ENEA (IT), UniBern (CH), EPFL (CH), Remondis (CH), TUDelft (NL), TNO (NL), SCK CEN (BE), BGS (GB), Uni Manchester (GB), UKNLL (GB), Amphos21 (ES), ÚJV Řež (CZ), INRP (RO), SIIEG NAS of Ukraine (UA), KAERI (KR)



Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 7.1.2: Performance indicators: Shared experience in the use of NA) To verify and build confidence in long-term, large-scale processes  Topic 1.1.3: Public information and participation: Ensure that public information on radioactive waste and spent fuel and a process for public participation are available  Topic 4.4.1: Geo-datasets and conceptual models
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme n°7: Safety Case Theme n°1: Programme Management Theme n°4: Geosphere
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Scientific Insight Driver 2: Societal Engagement Driver 3: Knowledge Management

WP2 KM (integration of Nas in KM)

WP4 FORSAFF (NA for new waste streams/disposal concepts?)

WP9 InCoManD (corrosion analogues)

WP10 ANCHORS (clay analogues for more holistic understanding of performance)

WP11 CLIMATE (climate related analogue development)

WP12 RAMPEC/WP18 DITUSC (need to seek nuclide specific NAs and analogues for perturbed conditions)

WP13 OPTI (closure material optimization would benefit from filling the NA gap – understanding of the uncertainties in long-term behaviour of materials) WP14 SUDOKU (surface disposal has not utilized NA yet) Potential interactions also with L'OPERA, SAREC.

Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

Same processes considered from experimental and modelling point of view in other proposed WPs would benefit from collaboration with NATSTRAT to assure holistic understanding. These include at least R&D WP proposals 2,5,6,7 and StSt WP proposals 2 and 5.





CLIMATE: Safety-relevant impacts of climate change on multi-layer cover
performance at (near-)surface disposal systems

WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be

Orange

**RD&D WP** 

X

#### WP Objectives & added value for end users

ready).

The objective of this WP is to develop a validated, interoperable EU framework that quantifies climate-driven change (including extremes) in multi-layer cover performance at (near-)surface disposal sites and to build regulator-ready decision tools to incorporate climate change and extreme (rare but credible) events into safety cases. As such, it provides a holistic and safety-relevant approach to assess climate change effects on (near-)surface disposal systems.

#### WP main tasks

- Intensity-frequency mapping of climate extremes
- Modelling of climate-related processes
- Cross-climate zone benchmarking using experiments and natural analogues
- Develop decision/prioritization framework

#### Issues faced currently (if any?)

The proposal as such does not fully represent the 1<sup>st</sup> wave StSt CLIMATE recommendations (timing issue w.r.t. White Paper production). Feedback from the webinar makes it clear <u>that the scope needs to be expanded, and that the WP should take on a more generic character</u> with regard to climate-related processes and waste disposal facility types. More partners may become interested.

ANDRA, NES, SKB, Sogin

ASNR, EIMV, FTMC, NTW, SURO, VTT

Amphos21, AtkinsRealis, ENEA, GTK, Lancaster Univ., SCK CEN, UFZ, Remondis, Mines-Paris





Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 4.3.2: Climate change Topic 7.3.2: Treatment of uncertainty Topic 3.4.1: EBS system
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme n°4: Geosphere Theme n°7: Safety case Theme n°3: EBS
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Scientific Insight Driver 2: Knowledge Management Driver 3: Societal Engagement

**SUDOKU**: Processes affecting long-term performance of engineered barriers in near-surface disposal facilities include climate change impacts (partially overlapping)

**DITOCO**: Digital representation of physical systems can be applied to climate change impact on near-surface disposal facilities

**ASTRA**: Impact of climate change on alternative RWM solutions

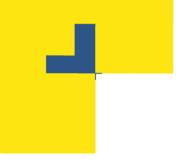
Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

#### StStWP04: Natural analogues

Analogues provide crucial benchmarking material for longterm evolution models

R&DWP06: Repository site flow and transport models Understanding of (ground)water evolution, including composition and flow, relating to past and future events, such as climate change

**R&DWP10: Site screening and site descriptive models**Uncertainties related to site characteristics, including possible geodynamics (and thus climate change)



gral Multi-Criteria Optimisation for Repository Evaluation		
IMCORE		

StSt WP **RD&D WP** X

WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).

Orange (identification of CT)

#### WP Objectives & added value for end users

Develop and demonstrate a multi criteria optimisation (MCO) framework and digital tool that integrates safety case evidence, cost functions and environmental/social indicators, with uncertainty and robustness analysis.

How can MCO be structured so that safety case lines of argument, cost and environmental/societal factors are commensurable yet traceable under prevailing circumstances?

#### WP main tasks

T1 (PM) and T2 (KM)

T3 Conceptual framework & indicators -> develop indicators and establish traceability & change management links

T4 Development of the MCO digital tool -> MCO digital tool including robustness and uncertainties

T5 Demonstration by pilot applications/test cases -> demonstrator and document model interfaces to safety case tools

T6 Stakeholder engagement and prioritisation -> reflections, lessons and experiences, develop holistic guidance

Issues faced currently (if any?)

WP OPTI discussed internally which topic will be developed to a proposal. Feedback from outside is limited. It is difficult to form a coordination team, especially feedback form the WMO is limited.

#### Current potentially interested partners

WMO 4

TSO (incl. SC) 15

RE 5





Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 5.2.2: <b>Optimisation</b> Topic 7.2.2:Information, data, and knowledge management Topic 1.5.2:Options and concept selection
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme n°X:Disposal facility design and optimisation Theme n°X:Safety Case Theme n°X:National Programme Management
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Innovation for Optimisation Driver 2: Tailored Solutions

WP OPTI, because the proposal is the consequence of the StSt

WP ANCHORS and InCoManD, optimizations/modifications of existing SSC can be evaluated with the new framework WP XX, input/support for the development of a digital tool will be helpful

Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

EBS proposal, the optimization of backfilling materials can be used as test case for the new framework





Self-Powered Monitoring Systems for Radioactive Waste Repositories		StSt WP	
Sett-Fowered Monitoring Systems for hadioactive waste hepositories	X	RD&D WP	
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).		Green	

Objective: to develop sustainable, cyber-resilient, self-powered monitoring systems that provide long-term surveillance of RWs, predisposal and repositories.

Added value: reduce technological constraints on the implementation of monitoring programmes for disposal systems by providing new technology based on wireless transmission and alternative power supplies to replace conventional chemical batteries with self-power technologies (e.g. nuclear batteries and energy harvesting).

#### WP main tasks

Task-1: AI, Data and Knowledge Management.

Task-2: Sensor and Energy-Harvesting

Task-3: Wireless and Power Delivery

Task-4: System Integration and Demonstration

Task-5: Dissemination

#### Issues faced currently (if any?)

Attempts to merge with R&DWP3 have not been successful so far. The meeting with WMO and TSO representatives was very positive. Two TSOs will participate, and ANDRA is evaluating how they could contribute.

#### Current potentially interested partners

WMO: ANDRA

TSO: FTMC, NGR Pallas

RE: Amphos21, UniPi, SCK CEN, TNO, BAM, SIIEG NASU





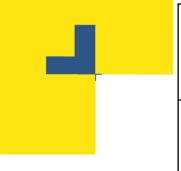
Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 3.4.1: EBS system Topic 5.5.1: Baseline monitoring Topic 5.5.2: Monitoring with regard to onsite investigation, construction and operations
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme n°2: Pre-disposal <b>Theme n°3: Engineered Barrier Systems</b> Theme n°5: Disposal facility design and optimisation
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Innovation for Optimisation Driver 2: Implementation Safety Driver 3: Tailored Solutions

WP5 ICARUS: safe and reliable monitoring of radioactive wastes, since predisposal WP7 PREDIS: develop solutions (technologies) for future conditioning of waste

Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

R&DWP3 (DEEPCHEM): <u>monitor specific parameters</u>, data monitoring of electrochemical variables and pH for corrosion monitoring

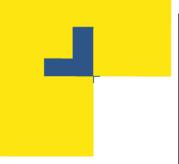




DEEP CHEM: Detection and Evaluation of Electrochemical and pH Conditions		StSt WP
for Corrosion and HEterogeneous Monitoring	X	RD&D WP
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).		Green

The project aims to deliver a new generation of high-performance chemical sensors engineered specifically for the extreme conditions found in geological repositories for radioactive waste. Its first objective is to map the monitoring needs of both advanced and emerging waste-management programs and to conduct a critical, gap-focused review of current chemical sensing technologies. Built on this, the project will design and prototype rugged in situ sensors capable of tracking pH, redox potential, corrosion processes, and pivotal dissolved or reactive species

WP main tasks	Issues faced currently (if any?)				
Task 1: Review and Gap Analysis of Carechnologies Task 2: Chemical sensors developm Task 3: Integrated Laboratory-Scale Sask 4: Pilot Scenario Co-Creation a Integration	ent Sensor Testing		-	nited time to conduct a d at wish to participate	iscussion with all the
		L			
Current potentially interested partners					eurad 2
WMOs: Andra, BGF.	TSOs: ASNR. VTT. I	IRG. FIMV		Res: in progress	



Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 2.3.2: Evaluate potential for improving and optimising implementation phases with new technologies Topic 5.2.1:Develop, adapt and/or buy the technology and systems required to be able to construct and then commission the facility Topic 5.2.2:Perform a continuous balancing exercise with requirements and technical solutions to balance the risks among the different barriers
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme n°5 : facility design and optimization Theme n°3: engineer barrier system Theme n°2: predisposal
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1:Tailored Solutions Driver 2: innovation & optimisation Driver 3:Scientific Insight

RAMPEC InCoMand, DITUSC

Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

To be analysed





ECOFRAME	Х	StSt WP
EUROPEAN COMMON FRAMEWORK FOR OPERATIONAL SCIENTIFIC DATA IN RWM		RD&D WP
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation	Green	

- Turns fragmented, project-specific data practices into a coherent, FAIR-compliant, societally anchored framework that improves safety-case robustness, speeds implementation, and sustains knowledge over the very long horizons of radioactive waste management.
  - Data processing & FAIR model.
  - A database model for the community.
  - Civil society, humanities and social sciences, cognitive biases.
  - Data lifecycle & Traceability models.

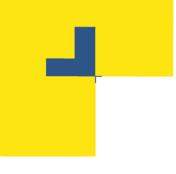
WP main tasks	Issues faced currently (if any?)
Task 01: Project management Task 02: Knowledge Management Ambassador and social sciences engagement success Task 03: Development of a common framework for processing operational scientific data from its acquisition to its use in design and safety assessments Task 04: Data lifecycle and data validation, curation and preservation (including archiving) Task 05: From interpretation process to decision process: bridging the gap between research monitoring and operational monitoring	NA

#### Current potentially interested partners

ANDRA, SKB, BGE, SOGIN, ARAO, COVRA, NAGRA, ONDRAF, PURAM, NWS, NES

AGES, ASNR, EIMV, FTMC, GRS, MERIENCE, NTG, SSTC, VTT

CEPN, EGIS, GALSON SCIENCES, INGECID, SCK CEN, UNIPI



Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 1.1.1.: National RWM Policy Topic 5.5.2.: Monitoring Programmes during different phases Topic 7.2.2.: Information, Data and KM
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme n°1: Programme Management <b>Theme n°4: Geoscience</b> Theme n°7: Safety Case
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Implementation Safety Driver 2: Innovation for Optimisation Driver 3: Societal Engagement

Several ongoing EURAD-2 WPs are developing collaborative unified platforms and/or databases, that could be considered as inputs for tasks 3 and 4 of ECOFRAME:

- RAMPEC
- HERMES
- DITOCO2030

Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

Several proposals for EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs plans to develop collaborative unified platforms and/or databases and/or tools, that could be considered as inputs for tasks 3 and 4 of ECOFRAME:

- DITOCO StSt WP (Next generation Digital Twins to support Optimisation, Construction and Operation of surface and subsurface radioactive waste management facilities) (RD&D)
- R&D WP1 Intelligence (AI) / machine learning for analysis of site characterisation data and other large datasets (RD&D)

Some data produced by the following proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs could be used for task 5 of ECOFRAME:

- R&D WP3 Detection and Evaluation of Electrochemical and pH Conditions for Corrosion and HEterogeneous Monitoring
- R&D WP9 Self-Powered Monitoring Systems for Radioactive Waste Repositories



# JUSTIFICATION OF THE CONTINUATION OF DITOCO

- Technology Transfer: Apply proven Digital Twin capabilities from nuclear and high-tech industries to DGR development, enabling shared innovation across WMOs.
- Data-Centric Integration: Create a unified environment that consolidates all information, simulation outputs, and operational data.
- Al & Generative Design: Implement Al-assisted and generative techniques for optioneering, performance optimization, and predictive safety assessments.
- Automation & Interoperability: Advance process automation and ensure compatibility with existing tools, standards, and third-party data sources.
- Knowledge Sharing & Alignment: Promote shared methodologies and interoperable frameworks to support convergence and standardization among European WMOs.
- Societal & Regulatory Value: Enhance transparency and communication through AR/VR visualization to strengthen public understanding and safety assurance.



## TASKS OF THE R&D DITOCO

- Definition of Digital Twin Requirements
- Development of Parametric Models and Data Integration Framework
- Benchmarking and Selection of Digital Twin Platform
- Implement Al-driven / Generative Design Case Study
- Development of interface for Visualization and Stakeholder Engagement
- Reporting and Roadmap and Business Case
- Assessing the distortion caused by modeling a complex system



WP Conditioning		StSt WP
	X	RD&D WP
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).		Green

- Advancing radioactive waste conditioning by developing and demonstrating AAM/geopolymer-based matrices that are robust, versatile, and sustainable, offering a pathway to safer, more efficient waste management.
- Solutions for wide range problematic waste streams, that remain incompatible with conventional cement-based.
- Handling uncertainty and a wide range of radioactive wastes, and facilitating application and implementation at industrial scale (increase TLR).

#### WP main tasks

- 1. Waste inventory, identification of waste streams compatible with AAMs
- 2. Development of robust conditioning matrices for defined waste streams
- 3. Robustness testing for variability in waste and precursor prosperities
- 4. Establishment of standardized protocols
- 5. Modeling long-term performance under relevant disposal conditions.
- 6. Sustainability LCA/LCC.

No

#### Current potentially interested partners

WMOs (2): ENRESA,
ANDRA (to be confirmed)

TSOs (4): VTT, EIMV, Isotopech, CIEMAT

REs (15): UAM, INCT, RATEN, PSI, KhPI, Tractebel, KIPT, HUN-REN, UJV, Polimi, HZDR, SCK CEN, UAM, CSIC, EDF R&D, UniPi





<u> </u>	Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 2.1.1: Inventory Topic 2.1.2: WAC Topic 2.2.3: Conditioning
	Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme n°2: Pre-disposal
- 1	Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Innovation for Optimisation Driver 2: Tailored Solutions Driver 3: Scientific Insight

ICARUS – waste and wasteform characterization STREAM – wasteform formulation development (AAM) LOPERA – durability testing protocols Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

No





Assessment of the Evolution and Safety of Bituminous Radioactive Waste		StSt WP
(SAFEBIT)	Χ	RD&D WP
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).		Orange

## WP Objectives & added value for end users

Evaluate BWPs behavior and safety under transport/storage/disposal conditions by studying thermal reactivity, gas generation, swelling, and leaching mechanisms by combining existing knowledge, conducting R&D, modeling key mechanisms, and providing safety analysis basis.

#### WP main tasks

- Compile and harmonise data from Member States on the characteristics, conditioning, storage practices, and management strategies of bituminized waste.
- Carry out experimental R&D to clarify the mechanisms governing thermal reactivity, gas generation, and the swelling and leaching behaviour of bituminized waste.
- Develop mechanistic and scenario-based models, from fundamental physic-chemical processes to disposal-cell scale, to evaluate the behaviour of bituminized waste packages under both normal and accidental conditions.

Issues faced currently (if any?)

It is encouraging to see that all partners agree on the importance of the SAFEBIT WP.

Previous EURATOM projects (EURAD-1, PREDIS, CHANCE) identified key challenges related to BWPs management. However, key challenges remain unsolved, and several safety questions are still open.

## Current potentially interested partners

SKB ASNR, FTMC, SSTC NRS

UJV Rez, Amphos 21, LEI, KIT-INE, SCK CEN, POLIMI

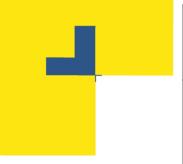


Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	<ul> <li>R&amp;D: thermal reactivity, gas generation, swelling, leaching.</li> <li>Modeling the behavior of BWPs, from fundamental physicochemical processes to the disposal-cell scale, to assess their performance under both normal and accidental conditions.</li> </ul>
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	<ul> <li>Pre-disposal (Theme 2)•2.2.3Conditioning</li> <li>Engineered Barrier Systems (Theme 3)•3.1.4 Other wasteforms</li> <li>Design•5.4.2 Normal operations safety</li> </ul>
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	<ul> <li>Driver 1: Implementation safety</li> <li>Driver 2: Tailored solutions</li> <li>Driver 3: Knowledge management</li> </ul>

L'OPERA ASTRA ? WP 02 - KM Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

Analogs?
MOGARE?





**ENRESA** 

GENESIS: Guidance for European (TE)NORM & DU enabled strategies for integrated stewardship		StSt WP
		RD&D WP
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).		Green

Tartu, CNRS, Lancaster University, LEI, SCK CEN, ÚJV

40

## WP Objectives & added value for end users

ASNR, CIEMAT, FTMC

**Objective:** To establish a consolidated European strategy for the sustainable management of (TE)NORM and DU waste by defining clear pathways for reuse and disposal and specifying the requirements for the necessary future R&D and knowledge bases. Added Value for End Users: Our primary added value is the creation of a top-down, multi-criteria decision-making framework. This will provide a clear, harmonised basis to reduce uncertainty, strengthen regulatory compliance, and enable a strategic shift from a waste-as-a-liability model to a proactive resource recovery perspective.

WP main tasks		ues faced currently		
This study is structured into frameworks that follow the logical waste management lifecycle. Societal engagement is integrated into each task.  • Task 3: (TE) NORM Characterisation and Regulatory Landscape Assessment (15%)  • Task 4: (TE) NORM resource recovery and implementation of circular economy approach (35%).  • Task 5: (TE) NORM long-term storage and final disposal strategy (25%)			The	ere are no issues rently.
Task 6 Depleted Uranium (DU) Strategic Framework (15%)			<u> </u>	
Current potentially interested partners				
WMOs: NES, SOGIN, ANDRA,	TSOs: AGES, EIMV, NRG PALLAS, NTW (EU CS), SSTC NRS, SURO, VTT,	REs: Amphos 21, CEPN, Egis, Galson Sciences Ltd, HZDR, IST-ID, Remondis, SIIEG NASU, UFZ, University LEL SCK CENTILL	, ,	eurad 2

Řež, a. s, POLIMI eting about templates #2 preparation



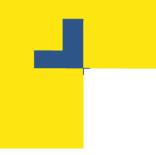
Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 1.5.1: Integrated waste management routes and strategic options Topic 2.2.1: Characterisation Topic 5.2.2: Optimisation	
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme 2: <b>Pre-disposal activities</b> Theme 7: Safety Analysis, Performance assessment, and Safety Case development	
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: <b>Tailored Solutions</b> Driver 2: Knowledge Management Driver 3: Societal Engagement	

This StSt is designed as the direct, strategic successor to the essential information-gathering work conducted in previous and ongoing European projects. ASTRA WP is a key input; where ASTRA diagnosed the challenges and fragmentation of NORM management, the GENESIS study is designed to be the next logical step – creating the strategic framework required to address those needs. Our framework is explicitly informed by the findings of ASTRA's sub-task 5.3 (summarised in Milestone 61), which successfully documented the fragmented landscape of (TE)NORM & DU management across 18 countries.

Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

There is a strong potential for synergy with the proposed topic on "Toxic substances /chemicals." The 'Toxic Wastes' WP is a horizontal review of a specific problem across all waste types. The GENESIS WP is a vertical strategic framework for all management challenges for a specific waste type (TE)NORM/DU). We are a key potential "customer" for their work, and (TE)NORM is good "case study" for them. Coordination will be essential.





TOvio Substances & Chemicale	Х	StSt WP
TOxic Substances & Chemicals		RD&D WP
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).		Green

## WP Objectives & added value for end users

Analyse the current knowledge, and identify relevant gaps, on toxic substances and chemicals in the areas of their inventories, sources terms, their behaviour in engineered barriers and the geosphere, and their interactions with the biosphere, to propose an evidence-based approach for integrating non-radiological toxicity into the safety assessment of the repositories

#### WP main tasks

Task 3: Review of knowledge about the determination of the source term of toxic chemicals from different wastes

Task 4: Review of knowledge about the toxicity of substances in the biosphere (impact on human and non-human biota)

Task 5: Review of knowledge about the behaviour of toxic substances in the geosphere and engineered materials

## Current potentially interested partners

WMO: Andra, ARAO, BGE, ENRESA, NWS, Nagra, NES, Ondraf/Niras, PURAM, SOGIN, SURAO

TSOs: AGES, ASNR, CIEMAT, SSTC, NRS

Res: AMPHOS21, AtkinsRealis, CEPN, GTK, HZDR, KIT, LEI, POLIMI, PSI, SCK-CEN, UFZ



Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 2.1.1: Evaluate waste inventory from generators and existing storage, accounting for future waste generation and evolution Topic 2.1.2 Identify parameters and metrics for waste acceptance criteria through whole life cycle (Waste Acceptance Criteria) Topice1.2.4 Implement a system of appropriate oversight, a management system, regulatory inspections, documentation and reporting obligations for radioactive waste and spent fuel management activities (Waste management System)
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme n°2: Pre-disposal Theme n°4: Geoscience Theme n°7: <b>Safety Case</b>
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Implementation Safety Driver 2: Scientific Insight Driver 3: Societal Engagement

**DISTUC** – In Task 4 of this proposal, some interactions could occur, especially concerning the behavior of toxic chemicals and the review of geochemical data related to these substances.

ICARUS – Interaction with WP3 regarding the chemical characterization of LLW/ILW waste.





Mosto Management for SMPs and Euture Eugle (EODSAEE)		StSt WP
Waste Management <u>for S</u> MRs <u>a</u> nd <u>F</u> uture <u>F</u> uels (FORSAFF)		RD&D WP
WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).	(	orange

## WP Objectives & added value for end users

Objective: Perform R&D activities to meet SMR/AMR waste management needs aiding SMR/AMR deployment.

**Anticipated Added Value:** 

- > Develop (more) comprehensive understanding of SMR/AMR waste streams.
- > Bridge gaps between SMR/AMR designs and waste management.
- Provide evidence-based guidance to support waste management decisions and licensing.
- > Create collaborations with EURAD-2 activities and other initiatives, e.g., EURATOM, SMR Industrial Alliance, IAEA, NEA, as limited coordination risks duplication of efforts.
- > Strengthen interactions between technology developers and end-users.

## WP main tasks (work in progress)

- Determine RN inventories in SMR/AMR SF under various burnups, enrichments and power densities to include impurity and structural material effects (expand numerical tools to SMR/AMR designs).
- Assess disposability of SMR/AMR waste in existing or proposed facility concepts (to include DBD).
- Predisposal R&D: treatment of AMR waste streams (sodium-based), decontamination of structural AMR components, recycling of AMR waste streams
- Transversal aspects: research on public trust and transparency, engagement framework and development of methodologies for scenarios assessments.

Issues faced currently (if any?)

The main issue faced in developing this R&D WP is organizing and prioritizing the wide range of proposed topics.

## <u>Current potentially interested partners</u>

2 WMOs 9 TSOs

14 REs



Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Topic 1.5.1 - Integrated waste management routes and strategic options Topic 2.1.1 - Inventory Topic 3.1.1 - SNF
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme 1: National Programme ManagementDesign Theme 2: Predisposal Theme 3:EBS
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Tailored Solutions Scientific Insight Implementation Safety

- WP6 Sustainable treatment and immobilisation of challenging wastes – if expected AMR wastes could be included.
- WP7 Waste matrices: long term performance if expected AMR wastes could be included.
- WP9 Innovative containers/canisters materials if expected AMR wastes could be included.

Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

- ASTRA R&DWP disposability of SMR/AMR wastes using DBD
- R&DWP8 Development of robust and versatile conditioning matrices for challenging waste streams – if expected AMR wastes could be included (and no overlap with WP6)
- R&DWP10 Developing site screening strategies and procedures for integrated site descriptive models – if any connection to DBD siting could be included.





## ASTRA RD

StSt WP RD&D WP

X

WP CT evaluation of the progress of the template #2 preparation (green: on track, orange: issues to be solved but still feasible, red: template #2 will not be ready).

Orange

## WP Objectives & added value for end users

## The objective: Initiate research on alternative RWM topics identified from ASTRA Strategic Study with specific emphasis on topics urgent for SIMS The expected added-value:

- Bridges knowledge gaps between SIMS and LIMS
- · Advances safety assessment for deep borehole disposal
- Helps further the circular economy objective by exploring alternative waste management strategies for TENORM and DU
- · Demonstrates integrated knowledge management systems
- Supports end-of-life decision-making for storage facilities and waste packages
- First realisation of a SIMS-LIMS cooperation demonstrator that includes all colleges and CS

#### WP main tasks

#### Task 1: Management/coordination of WP

#### Task 2: KM

- · Live Discussion Forum
- · Setup of a demonstrator partnership of SIMS and LIMS partners

#### Task 3: Long-Term storage

- Setup of a decision support system for end-of-life management of storage facilities and waste packages
- Predictive modelling for long-term package and barrier evolution
- Setup of a knowledge exchange for considerations of legacy waste management

#### Task 4: Deep Borehole Disposal

- Develop a generic Safety Assessment for operational safety (focus on waste emplacement)
- Improving technologies for characterizing deep geological environments (including deep measurement of pore fluids and monitoring) and application of this data in safety assessments for DBD
- · Guidance Framework to establish mutual trust with CS

#### Task 5: (TE)NORM and DU R&D

- Safety case Development and Post closure assessment
- Reuse and Recycling Valorization and DU reuse in disposal
- Waste Management options (To be covered under future LDFs)

## Issues faced currently (if any?)

- Overlap with GENESIS.
- Ensure ongoing work in other areas is not repeated.
- Large mixture of topics is far from ideal

## Current potentially interested partners

ANDRA, NES, Sogin S.p.A, COVRA

EIMV, FTMC, NRG PALLAS, NTW, SSTC NRS,

AtkinsRealis, Egis, Česk vysoké učení v Praze, Geological

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Main SRA topics addressed by the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	<ul> <li>- 1.1.1 (National RWM policy)</li> <li>- 1.5.1 (Integrated waste management routes and strategic options)</li> <li>- 2.2.1 (Characterisation)</li> <li>- 2.2.4 (Storage)</li> <li>- 5.2.2 (Optimisation)</li> </ul>
Main SRA themes related to the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Theme n1: Programme Management Theme n2: Pre-disposal Theme n5: Disposal facility design and optimization Theme n7: Safety case
Main SRA drivers characterising the WP (max 3, primary in bold)	Driver 1: Tailored Solutions Driver 2: Societal Engagement Driver 3: Knowledge Management

WP7 L'OPERA - long-term performance of waste matrices WP6 STREAM - optimisation of predisposal management of problematic waste

WP9 InCoManD - Innovative and new container/canister materials under disposal fields conditions: manufacturing feasibility and improved durability

WP10 ANCHORS - Hydraulic mechanical chemical evolution of bentonite for barriers optimization

Links and possible interactions between your WP and other proposed EURAD-2 2<sup>nd</sup> wave WPs (if any)?

GENESIS – Strategic study on (TE)NORM and DU

R&DWP9 – Self-Powered Monitoring Systems for

Radioactive Waste Repositories

R&DWP3 – Detection and Evaluation of Electrochemical

and pH Conditions for Corrosion and HEterogeneous

Monitoring



## **PROPOSAL FOR SECOND WAVE:**

# **EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF NUCLIDE COMPOSITION IN SF FOR POST-CLOSURE CRITICALITY SAFETY**CONTINUATION OF WP17

### **WP Preparation Team:**

Anna Alvestav, SKB, WMO
Christian Herold, BGE, WMO
Liam Payne, NWS, WMO
Tomas Vandoorne, ONDRAF/NIRAS, WMO
Péter Buday, PURAM, WMO
Madalina Wittel, NAGRA, WMO

Mathieu Hursin, EPFL, RE Alexander Vasiliev, PSI, RE



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## **SCOPE, OBJECTIVE AND ADDED VALUES**

## Objective is to expand and improve the experimental basis

Due to short timeframe not possible to define actual experiments or investigations Meet the goal by developing methodologies to 1) include other measurements and 2) improve current methodologies.

Subtask 6.3: Design a prioritised experimental programme to address the most significant data needs identified

Continue gap analysis in WP17 task 6

Discuss with possible interested parties and research institutes

## Subtask 6.4: Method development targeting other measurements

Investigate if and how other databases could be used

Identifying and attaching non-destructive measurements

## Subtask 6.5: Development to improve current methodologies

Improve selection of experiments

Investigate effects from neutron data libraries on long-term analysis

#### Meet identified needs

- Large needs for more validation data.
- For high-BU, different fuel types. Necessary to agree on details.

## Combine disciplines and find enhancements

- Continue previous work in EURAD and at institutions in Europe.
- Open for use of more of available data.

## Cooperation between institutes

 Cooperation between organisations with similar research agendas.

#### **Understand weaknesses**

- Current methods not tailored for long timeperiods nor large variety of nuclides.
- Reduce uncertainties.