

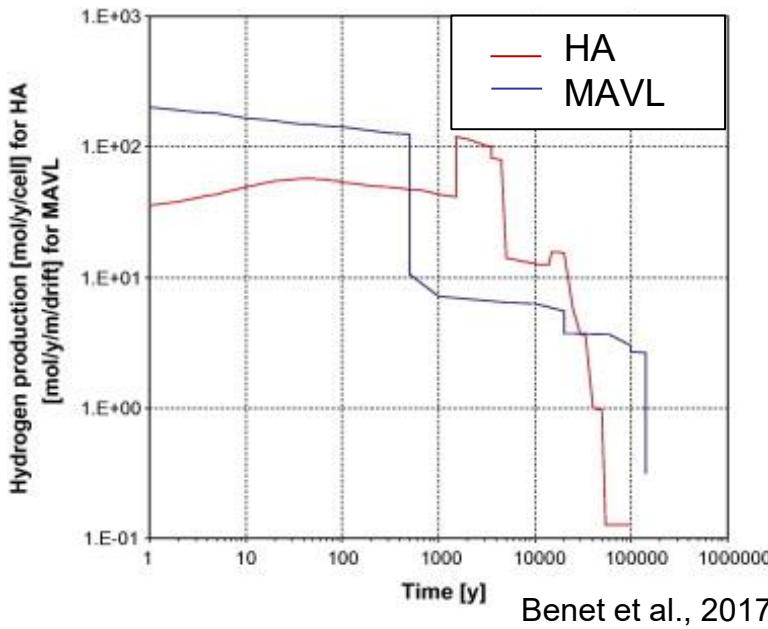
EURAD2 ANNUAL EVENT 9-11 SEPTEMBER 2025, BOLOGNA

MACROSCOPIC AND PORE-SCALE MODELLING OF GAS TRANSPORT

MAGDALENA DYMITROWSKA

01

CONTEXT : WHY GAS MAY BE AN ISSUE ?



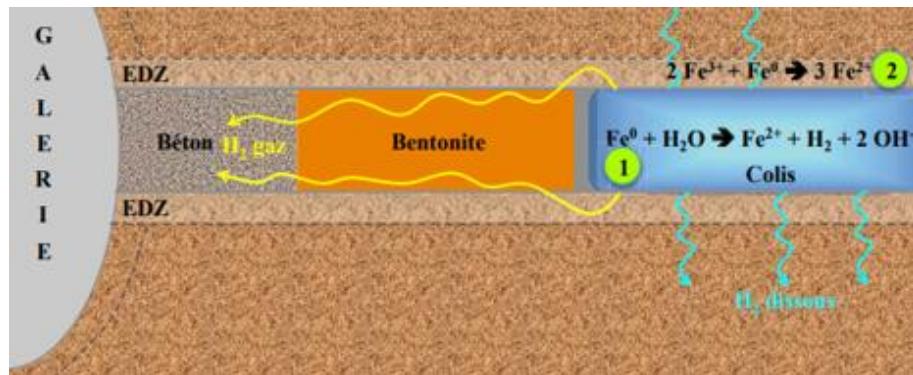
GAS PRODUCTION IN A DEEP REPOSITORY

GAS SOURCE TERM

- mainly H₂ (also CH₄, CO₂..)
- ~ 300 mol/year/cell HA
- very slow > 10 000 years
- exact rates uncertain

HOST ROCK

- low permeability $k \sim 10^{-21} \text{ m}^2$
- high saturation $S_w > 0.9$
- strong capillarity $P_c > 5 \text{ MPa}$
- Reynolds number $\ll 1$
- heterogeneities (interfaces)
- THM coupling



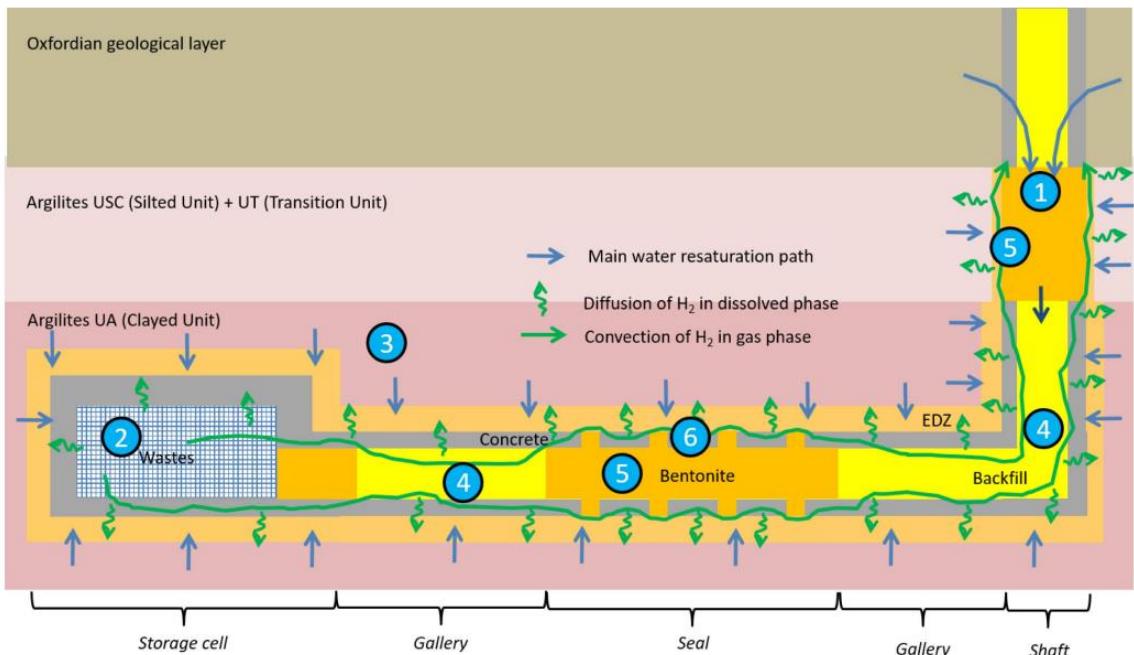
POSSIBLE PERTURBATIONS

- hydraulic gradient
→ water and RN transport
- mechanical damage of HR & EB
- seals resaturation
- chemical state of close field
- ATEX risks during operation

02

CONTINUOUS SCALE MODELLING

GAS MIGRATION ON DISPOSAL SCALE



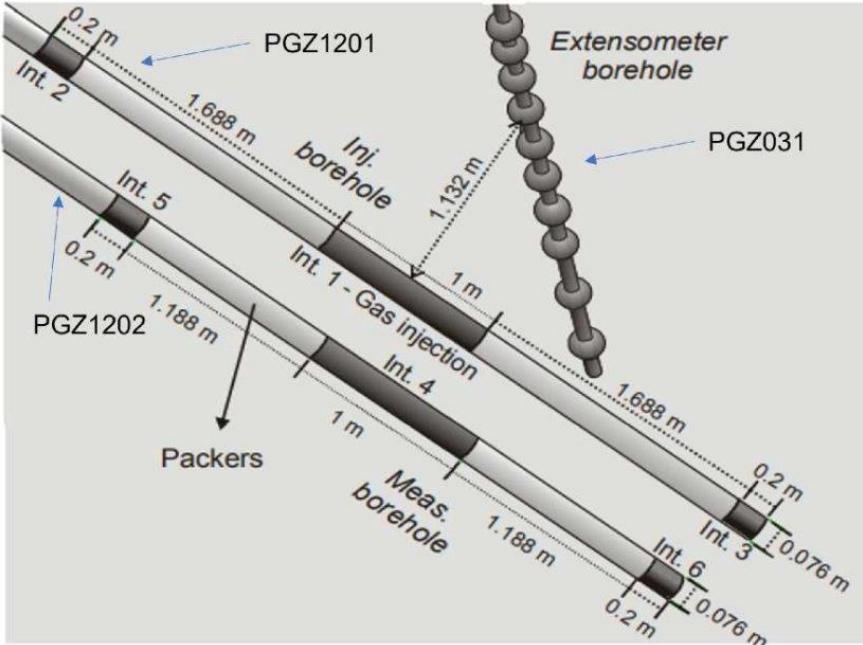
S. Levasseur et al(2022)

2-phase flow transport by diffusion and advection

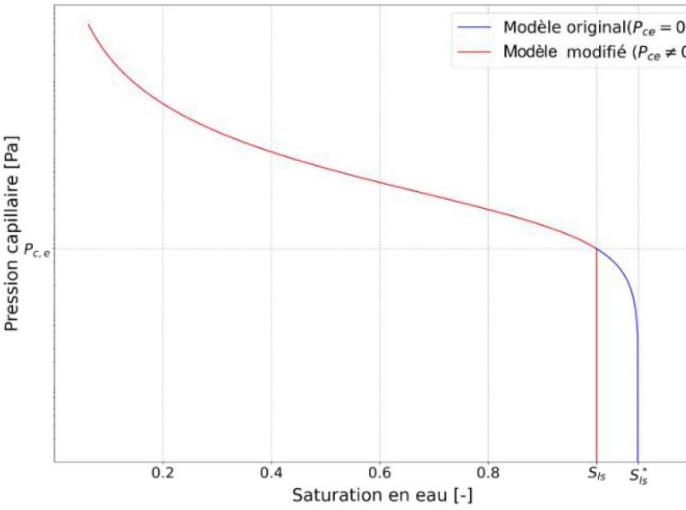
- advection = generalised Darcy model
(sand columns in public fountains in DIJON ~1850)

$$\vec{F}_\beta = \rho_\beta \vec{\nu}_\beta = - \frac{k k_{r,\beta} (S_\beta)}{\mu_\beta} (\vec{\nabla} P_\beta + \rho_\beta g \vec{\nabla} z)$$

- unsaturated diffusion models
- ✓ well tested for more permeable materials
- ✓ solvable at grand scale
- all materials must be characterised/parametrised
- very limited HM coupling (linear elasticity)
- zero entry pressure
- experimental difficulties (results dispersion, representativity, models)

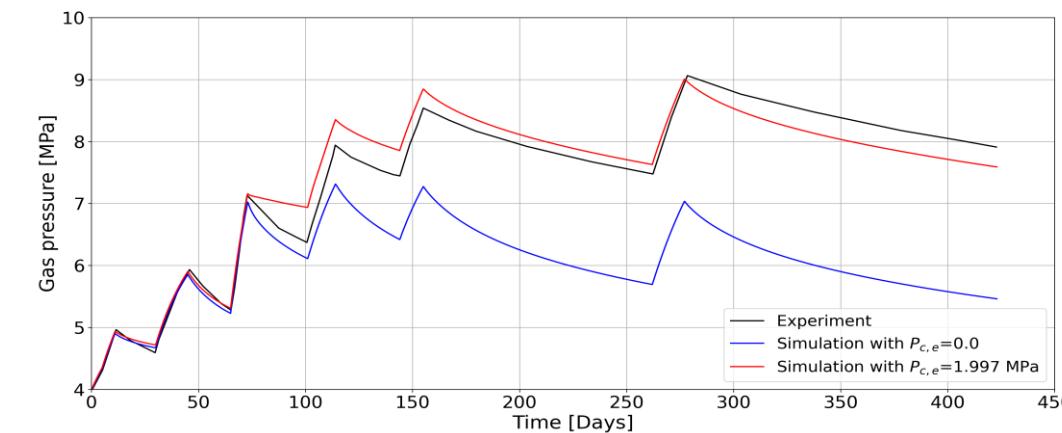


Harington et al 2012



SIMULATION OF PGZ1 EXPERIMENT WITH NO ZERO ENTRY PRESSURE

- IN-SITU GAS INJECTION EXPERIMENT IN COX BY ANDRA
- GAZ PRESSURE MONITORING IN INJECTION CHAMBER
- GAS ENTRY PRESSURE IN TOUGHII
- NEW PC-KR DATA ADJUSTMENT
- STRONG EFFECT ON PRESSURE EVOLUTION

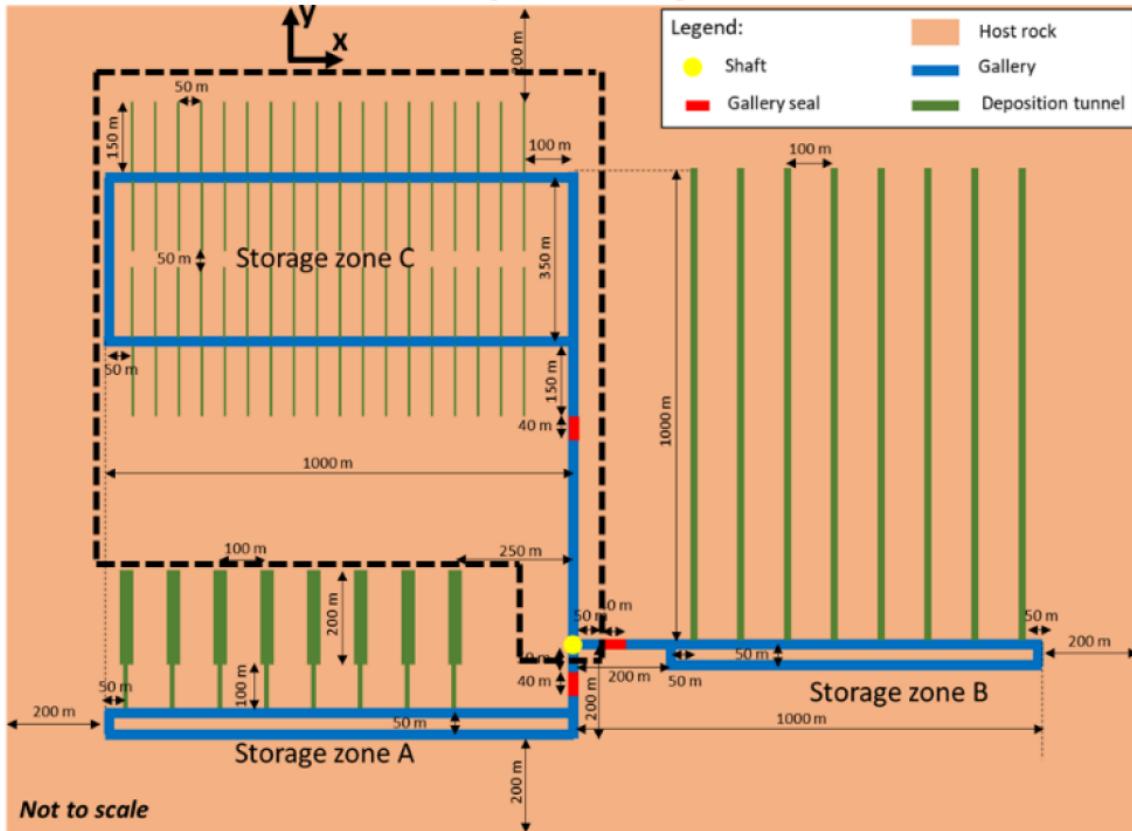


Amri et al 2022

GAS MIGRATION ON MODULE SCALE

(a)

Repository



Wendling et al 2019 (EURAD Gas D6.9)

EURAD1 WP GAS

- GENERIC REPOSITORY WITH PARTS INSPIRED BY 3 NATIONAL PROGRAMS
- THgas 3D SIMULATION OF HA MODULE
- TOUGHII-MP/EOS5 WITH PERSISTENT VARIABLES
- 100K YEARS SIMULATED
- 276K ELEMENTS
- SIMULATION DURATION ~3 WEEKS ON 32CPU

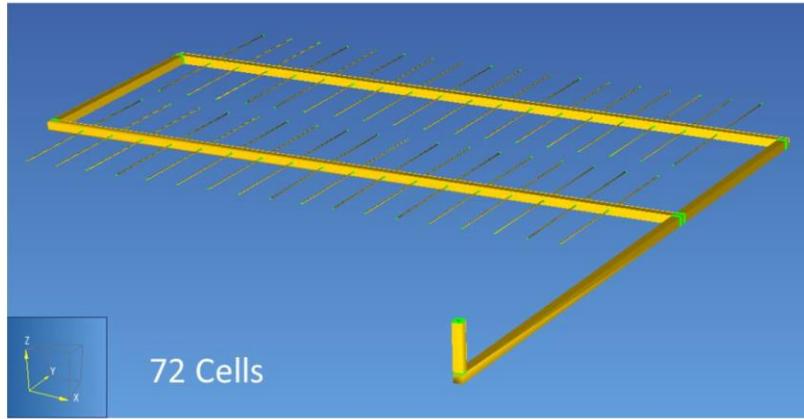
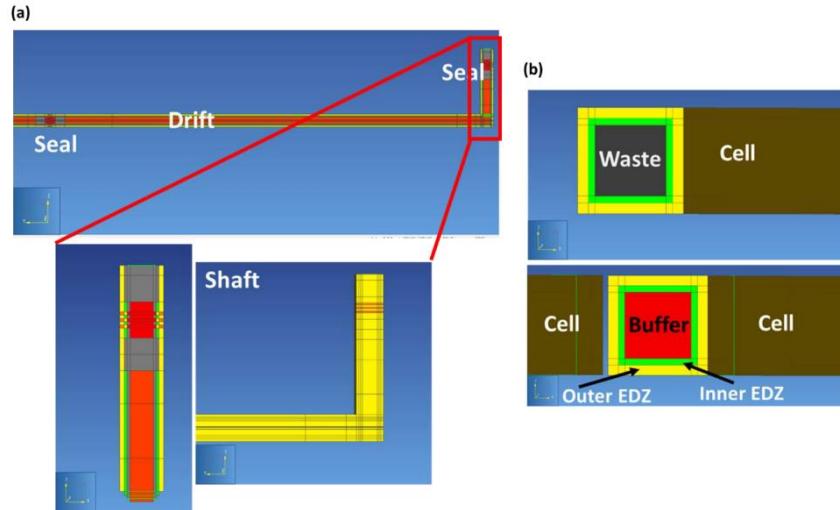


Figure 5-2 – 3D view of the stand-alone module of 72 HLW cells with shaft embedded within the host rock layer (PetaSim preprocessing; Thunderhead engineering inc.).



Wendling et al 2024
(EURAD Gas D6.9)

GAS MIGRATION ON MODULE SCALE

- 3D very important !
- onion-like structure
- no interfaces (voids)
- Millington-Quirk diffusion
- with/without entry pressure
- 1.5MPa increase of Pg with no 0 entry pressure
- Suction curve linearised

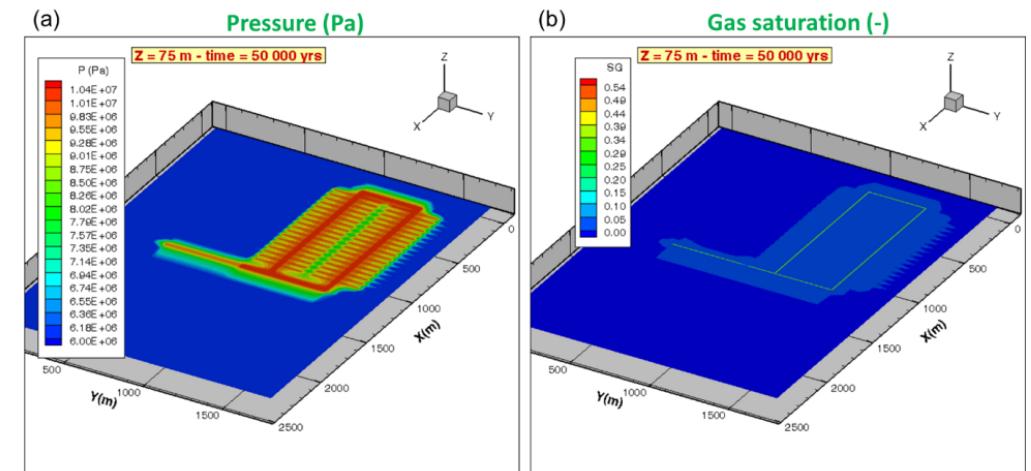
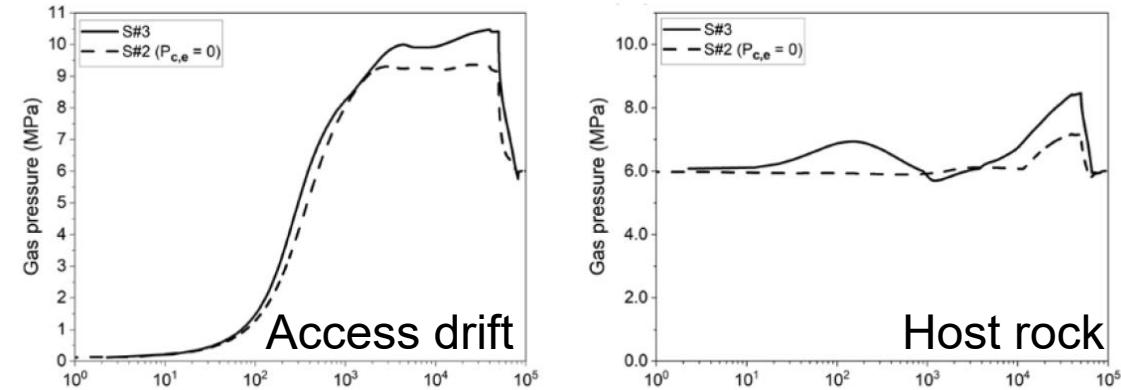
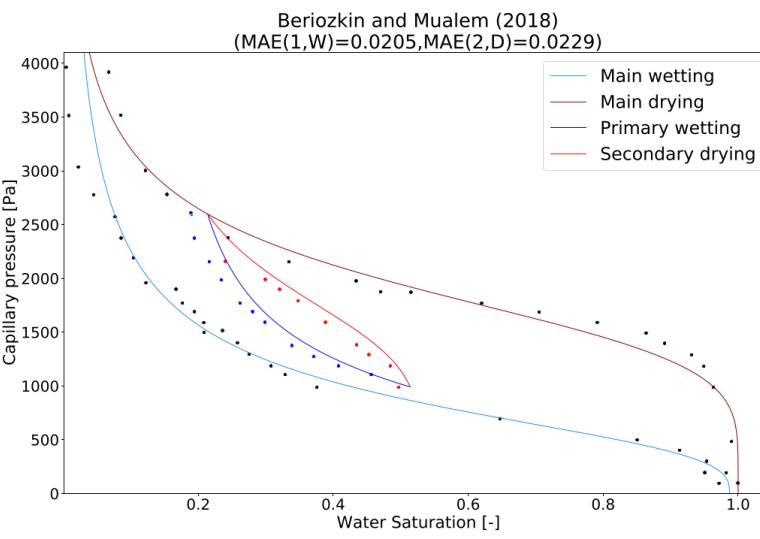
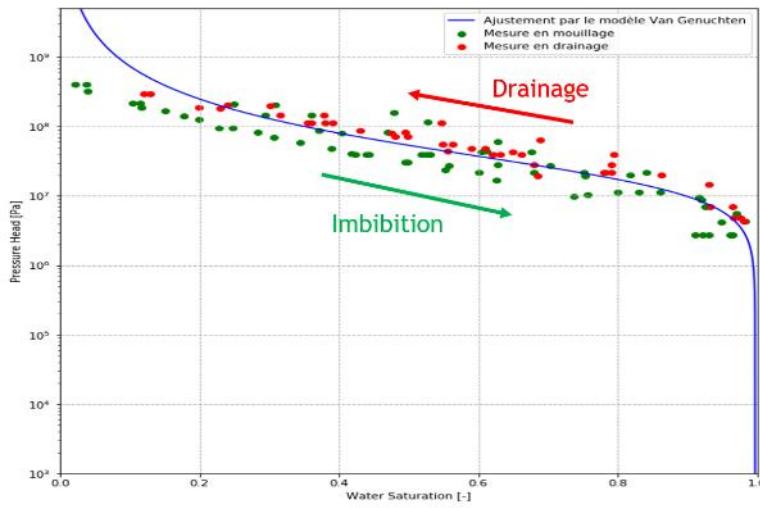
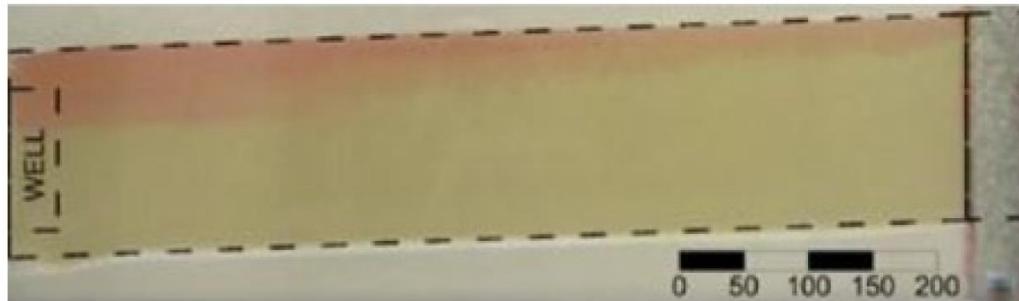


Figure 5-14– Simulated profiles of (a) pressure and (b) gas saturation at the slice plane $z = 75$ m simulated by scenario#3 ($P_{c,e} \neq 0$) at time 50 000 y.

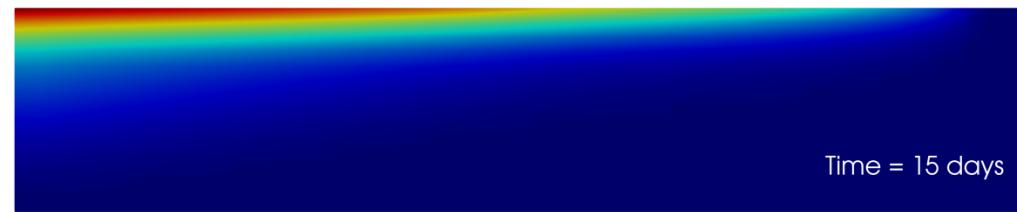


HYSTERESIS MODEL FOR TWO-PHASE FLOW

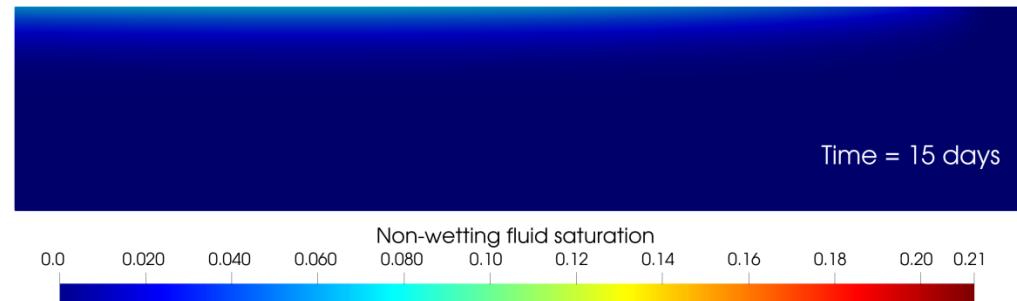
91*61*6 CM³ SLAB OF SAND+WATER WITH SOLTROL-220 INJECTION



(b) Berlozkin & Mualem 2018



(c) Without hysteresis

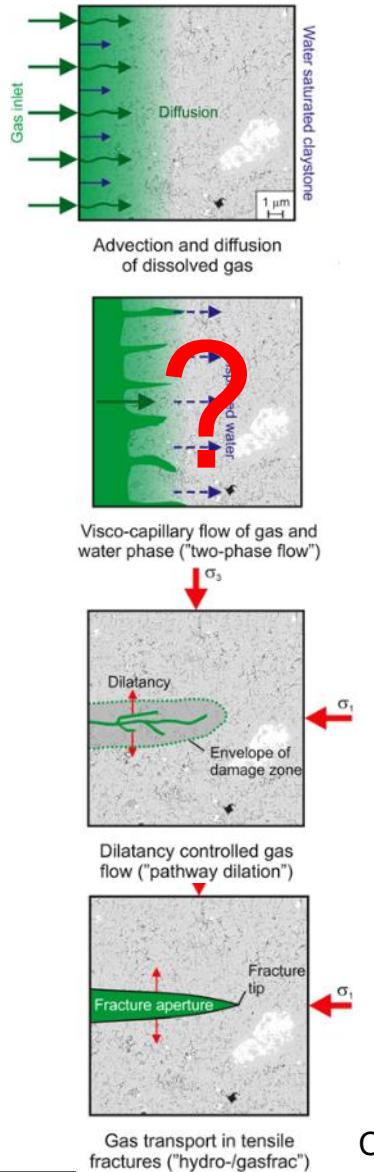


Amri et al 2024

03

PORE SCALE MODELLING

UNDERSTANDING GAS MIGRATION AT $S_w \sim 1$



➤ EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS INDICATING DILATANT GAS FLOW

- Localised paths, no water movement, sample expansion
- Need for a model different from Darcy

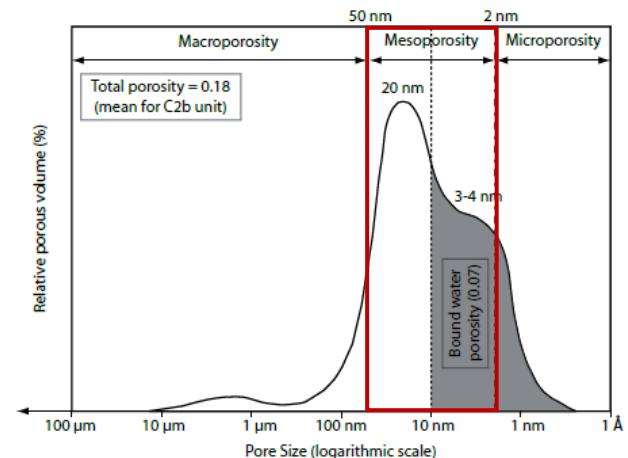
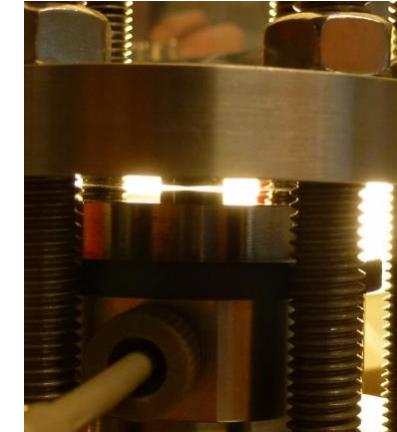
➤ GAS FLOW IN EDZ VERY COMPLEX

- Indication of over-fracturing (Cuss et al. 2015)
- Difficult to get REV samples

➤ SATURATED BENTONITES MIXTURES:

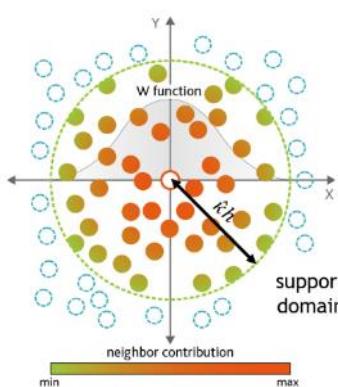
- Consolidation
- Swelling/gas entry pressure
- HMgas models insufficient

➤ MODELLING NO-PREDICTIVE (TODAY)



Pore size distribution of CO_x
(ANDRA, 2005)

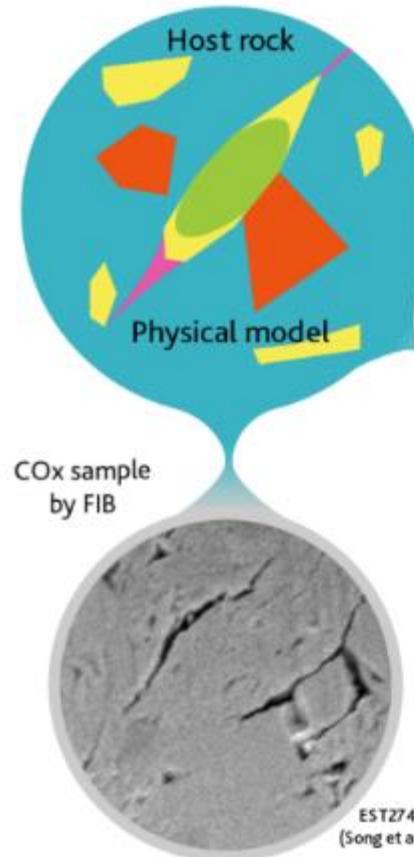
SMOOTH PARTICLE HYDRODYNAMICS CODE



$$f_{SPH}(x_i, t) \approx \sum_j f(x_j, t) * W(xij, h)$$

$$\nabla f_{SPH}(x_i, t) \approx \sum_j f(x_j, t) * \nabla W(xij, h)$$

- General EDP solver
- Mesh-free, lagrangien, quasi-local
- 2 phases Navier-Stokes inside pores
- fluids quasi-incompressible
- Linear elasticity with rigid inclusions
- Damage models
- Input parameters : surface tension, contact angle, Young modulus...
- Massively parallelisable (GPU)

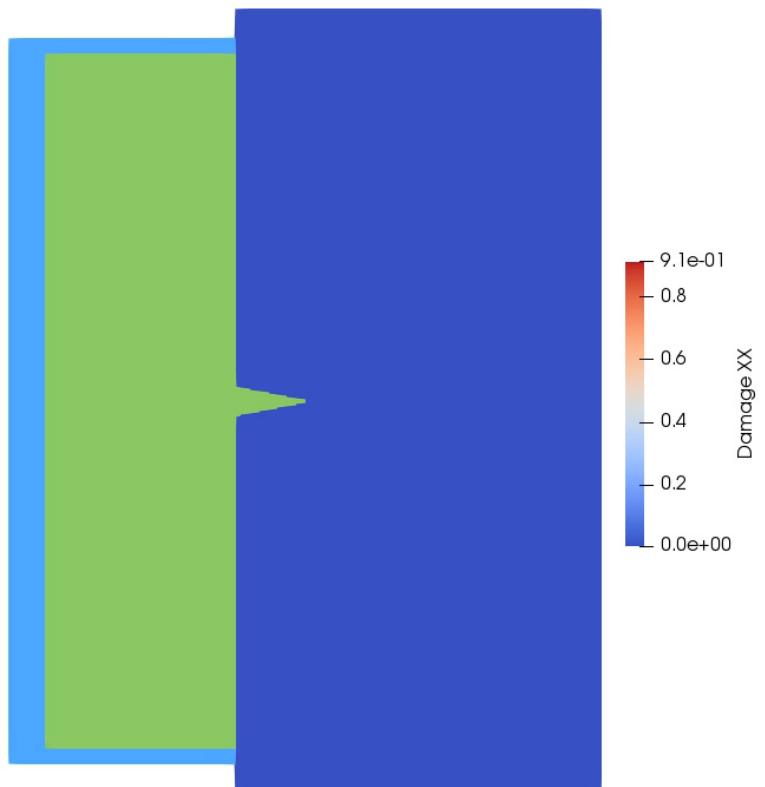


Liquid / Gaz Phases
Multiphase Navier-Stokes
Capillarity
Evaporation/condensation

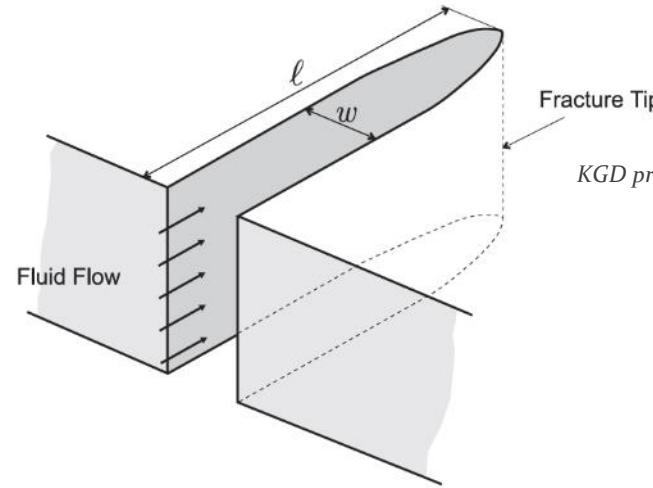
Elastic solid phase
Dynamic linear elasticity
Damage model

Rigid solid phase
Newton-Euler

SPH HYDROFRACTURING



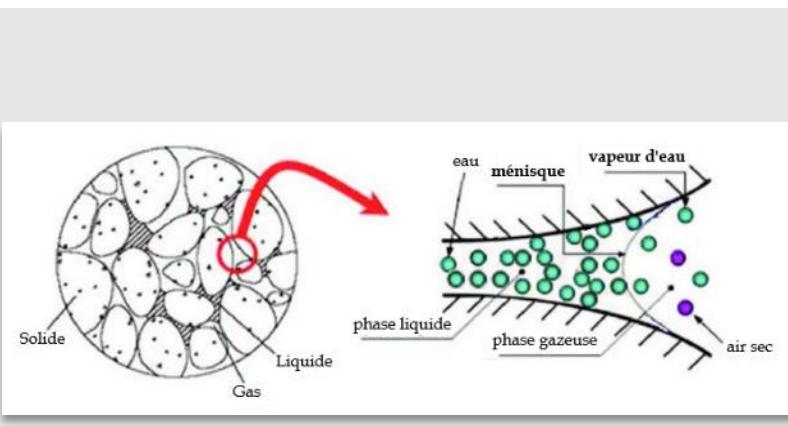
Amrofel PhD 2024



KGD propagation model (Adachi et al., 2007)

- ▲ Proof of concept ok
- ▲ Initiation pressure ok – 5%
- ▼ Propagation speed too high
- ▼ Low elasticity parameters !

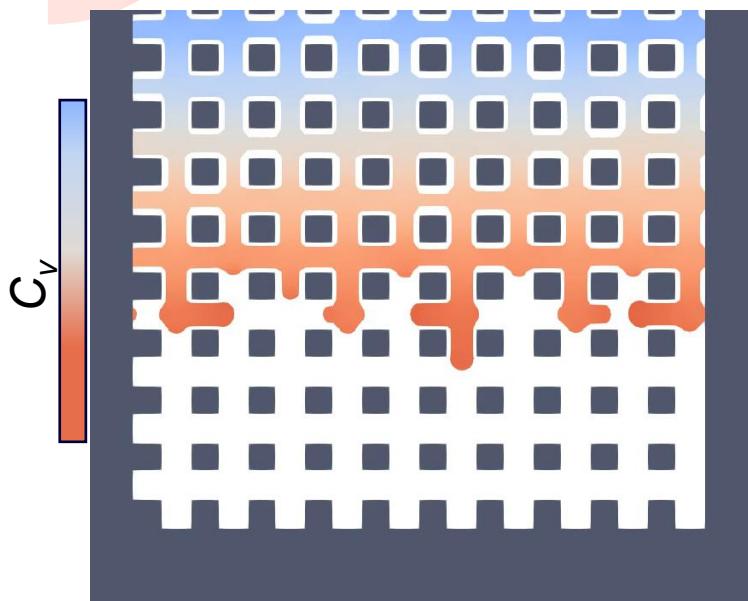
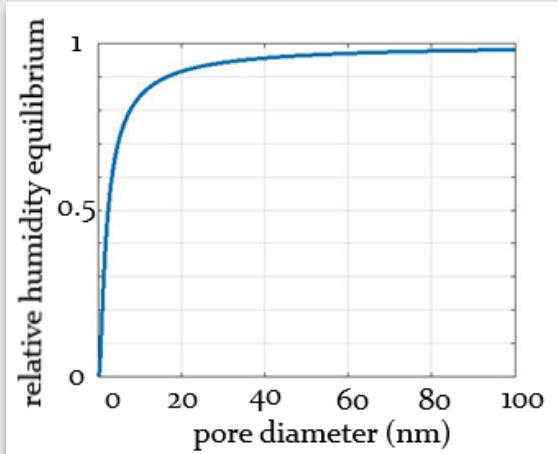
Young modulus	E	30 kPa
Poisson coefficient	ν	0,2
Volume mass	ρ	2450 kg/m ³
Critical energy yield	Y_c^0	135 Pa
Piston speed	v_p	1.10 ⁻⁴ m.s ⁻¹
Length of hatch	l_0	1.10 ⁻³ m
Domain width	l	5.10 ⁻³ m
Domain length	L	1,07. 10 ⁻² m
Width of injection zone	L_i	9,5.10 ⁻³ m
Time step	Δt	1.10 ⁻⁶ s
Smoothing length	h	1.10 ⁻⁴ m
Points density	$/h$	4



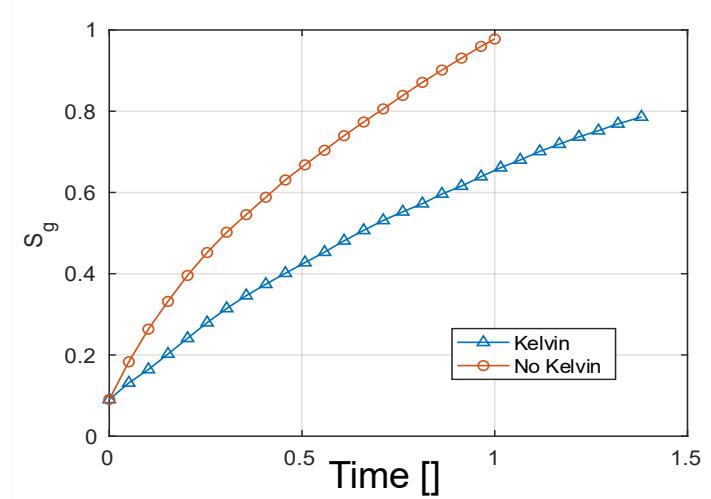
DRYING OF HETEROGENEOUS PORE NETWORK

Mchirgui, 2012

$$\text{Kelvin equation : } C_v = C_{vs} e^{-\frac{P_c M}{\rho_w R T}}$$



Network parameters	Value	Unity
Pore size	13	nm
Throat size	5 - 10	nm
h	1.10^{-4}	m

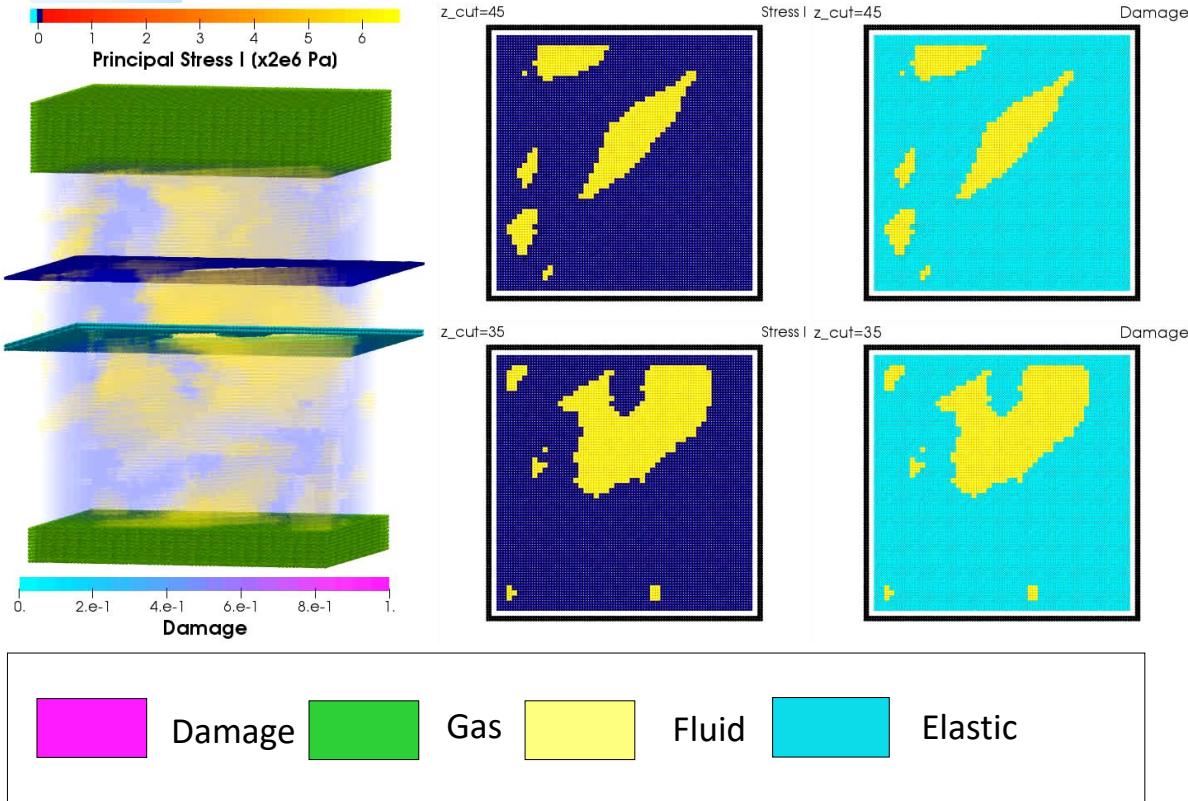


436000 PARTICLES

COMPUTATION TIME 9 DAYS

Amrofet et al 2024

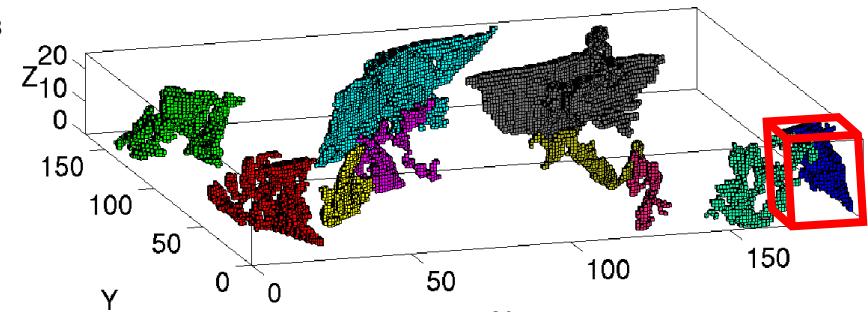
DRAINAGE IN CO_x CLAY MATRIX



CO_x sample (FIB-SEM):

- Voxel size $\sim (10 \text{ nm})^3$
- Porosity $\sim 3,07\%$

Song et al. 2015

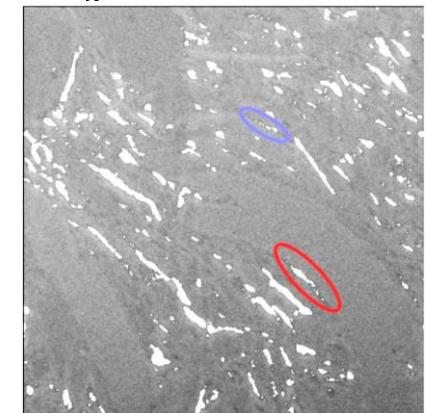


Fully saturated CO_x

Poor pore connectivity

Damage model to connect

Flow diagrams :

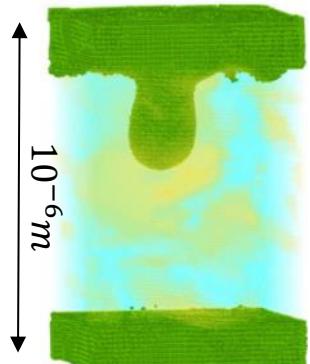


		$P_g - P_w [\text{MPa}]$				
		2,5	5	8	10	15
Applied stress [MPa]	6	X	✓	✓	✓	✓
	8	X	X	✓	✓	✓
	10	X	X	✓	✓	✓
	12	X	X	X	✓	✓
	14					

04

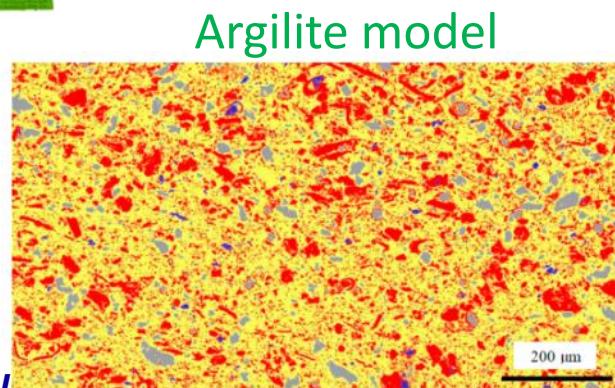
BRIDGING THE GAP $\mu \leftrightarrow M$

UPSCALING PATH(S)

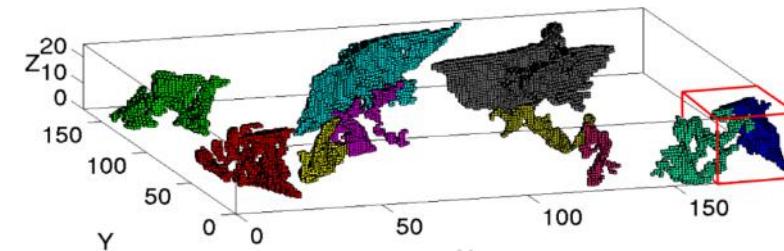


Individual pore

nm



- Post-doc HERMES (end 2025-)
- **speed-up SPH avec DNN**
- **PINNS**
- **reduced order methods**



Effective behavior of clay matrix (poromechanics)

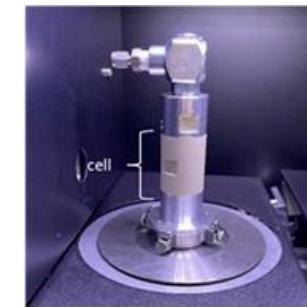
- Refined geometry
- Multiple observation windows
- Whole sample coarse grained

mm

cm

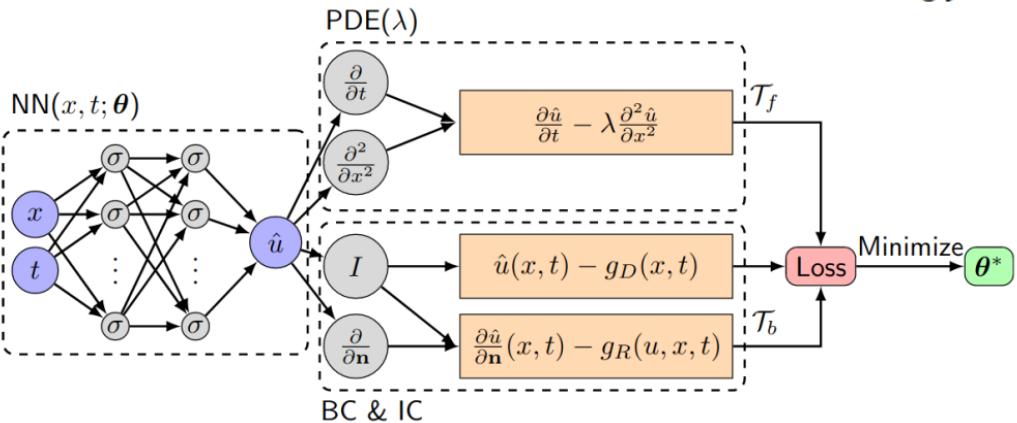
Small lab exp

- PhD 2025-



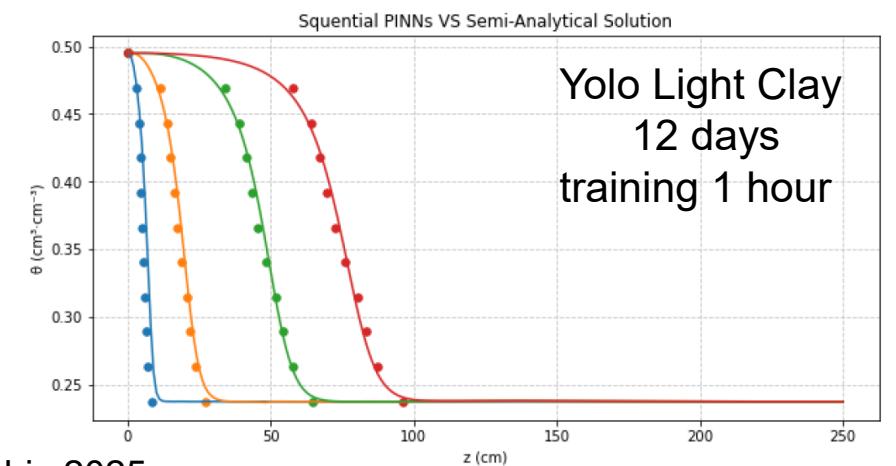
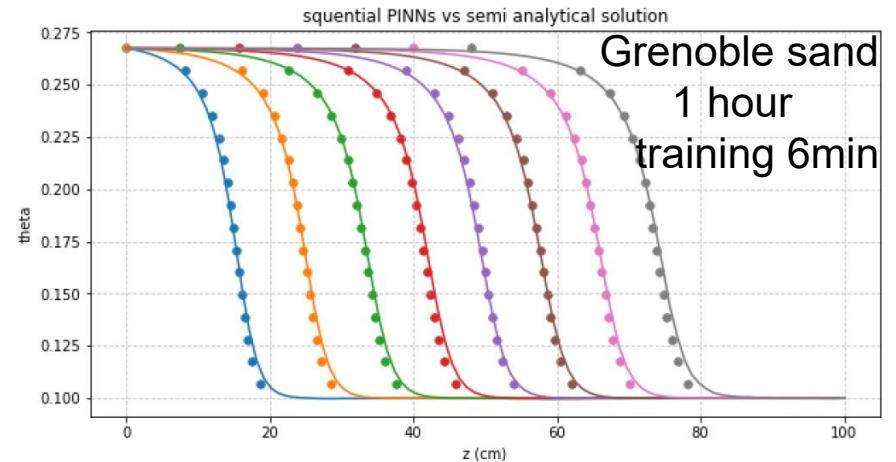
USING PHYSICALY INFORMED NN FOR RICHARDS EQUATION

$$C(h) \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[K(h) (\partial_z h - 1) \right]$$



1D infiltration pb with semi-analytical Philip solution

- Recurrent PINNS version
- Adaptative collocation points
- Add convolutional block for feature extraction



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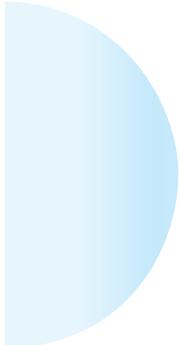
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EURAD1 GAS AND DONUT

EURAD2 HERMES

NEEDS

ANR HYDROGEODAM



THANK YOU!