



# HLW REPOSITORY OPTIMISATION INCLUDING CLOSURE (OPTI)

An overview



Co-funded by the European Union under Grant Agreement n° 101166718



# **HLW REPOSITORY OPTIMISATION INCLUDING CLOSURE (OPTI)**

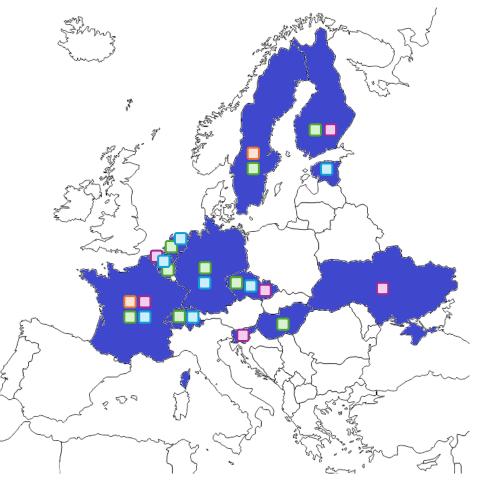
- The need of optimization is justified by the long running character of repository projects and thus by expected changing boundary conditions (e.g. new waste types), evolution of technology and/or the adaptations of processes due to operational experiences
- Optimization is a process that shall involve all stakeholders of a RWM programme
- Develop a mutual understanding and provide recommendations about methodologies and further activities for design and optimization of specific HLW deep geological repository systems, structures and components (SSCs) and procedures.
  - > Organise interactions between the EURAD actors (civil society included) about optimization of HLW GDF
  - > Develop a mutual understanding of the different actors views about what optimization for a HLW GDF means
  - > Identify the main technical or socio-technical challenges associated with the optimization of HLW GDF



## **PARTICIPATING ORGANIZATIONS**







The WP includes 25 partners from 12 countries (BE, CH, CZ, GER, FR, SE, FIN, NL, HU, SI, EST, UA)







#### WP DESCRIPTION

Task 1 – Management and Coordination (Philipp Herold, BGE)



- Task 2 Knowledge Management (Anne-Catherine Dieudonné, TU Delft)
  - Subtask 2.1 Knowledge capture
  - Subtask 2.2 Knowledge Transfer



- Task 3 Mutual Understanding (Valery Detilleux, BEL V).
  - Subtask 3.1 Workshop to build mutual understanding
  - Subtask 3.2 Case study



Task 4 – Identification of Key Challenges for Optimization (Jiri Svoboda, CTU)



## **SCHEDULE**

- Strategic Study duration two years
  - WP meeting n°1 in Hannover, November 2024 (parallel to Clay Conference)
  - WP meeting n°2 in Prague, June 2025 (combined with workshop n°2)

	Year1 / Period 1										Year2/ Period 2															
		Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
WP 13	WP meetings workshops				T2.1						Т3.1															]
	T1	T1.1																								
		T1.2																								
		T1.3																								
	T2	T2.1																								
		T2.2												ı												
	Т3	T3.1																								
		T3.2																								
	T4	T4.1																								



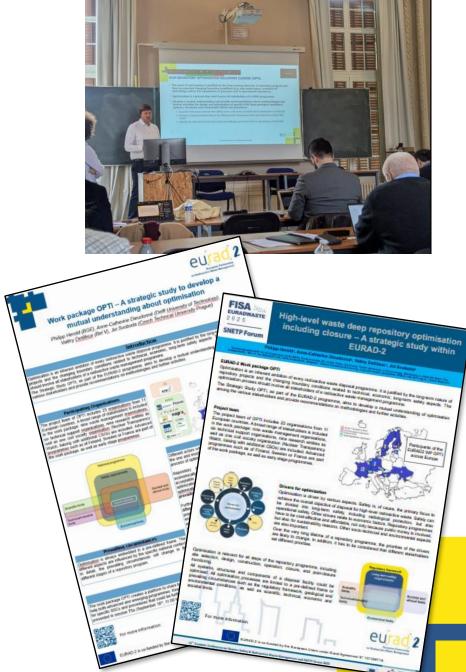


## **Knowledge Capture**

- Initial workshop
- Green Paper to capture the actor views
- Contribue to DI 5.1.1

## **Knowledge transfer**

- Interaction with civil society ICS Workshop N°1
- EURADWASTE poster contribution
- Next Week: SafeND presentation and poster contribution



# **WORKSHOP N°1 (TASK 2.1)**

#### Why is optimization needed?

- Because it is required by the Safety requirements / regulatory framework
- Because of long the time frames related to the project, this is particularly important (e.g. technologies will evolve and permit optimisation)

## How to optimize?

- Holistic understanding of the system, Iterative and dynamic process, Comparison, Benchmarking, Multi Criteria Analysis, regular Safety Case Review
- Requirement Management Systems/Product Breakdown Structure and Change Management will help

#### Limits?

- "prevailing circumstances"
- Long list of drivers for the optimization





Product level
International agreements, national policy and
WMO strategy
-External and internal requirements-

System level/requirements
- External and internal requirements

Sub system level/requirements
-Internal requirementsWhat is expected the different components
will do?

Design level
-Internal reqirementsDesign requirements and design specifications

"Soft stuff" - How and when ton build, operate and close? DGR concepts and SSCs

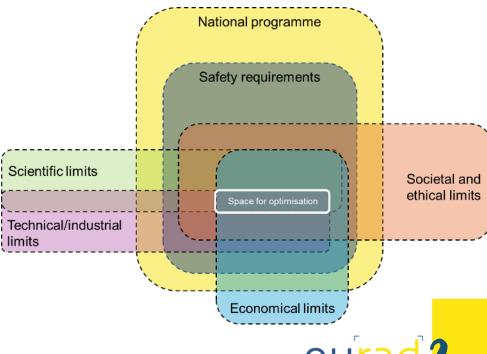
"Hard stuff" - Technical part including engineering of specific SSCs



## **WORKSHOP N°2 (TASK 3.1)**

- A GDF project is always a highly complex project with the participation of not just a wide spectrum of scientific and engineering disciplines but also a wide spectrum of stakeholders
- Optimisation is always embedded in a pre-defined frame of prevailing circumstances. In detail, they will change in the different stages of a repository program
- Naturally, in such a complex system every actor has its own view and particularly own focus
- This is notably reflected in the understanding and expectations of the different stakeholders about GDF optimization





#### **TASK 3 – SUBTASK 3.2 CASE STUDY**

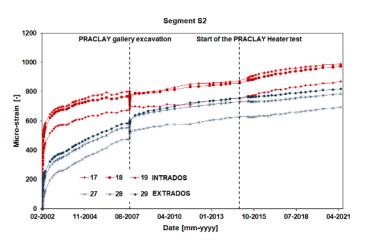
- To support the discussions in sub-task 3.1 one or more generic case studies has to be developed
- The case study serves as a basis for the development and illustration of the mutual understanding regarding optimization approaches in sub-task 3.1
- The case study represents a theoretical case of challenging optimisation of one or more repository SSCs (systems, structures and components) and procedures
- The case study is expected to capture several different optimisation objectives pursued by the different actors
- To do so, the task contributors will first build a consensus regarding the design bases of the case study and its expected level of detail and complexity



#### **TASK 3 – SUBTASK 3.2 CASE STUDY**

## **Case Study 1**

- Optimization of segmental concrete lining for radioactive waste geological disposal in clay formations
- use data from URL HADES (Belgium)





## **Case Study 2**

- Optimization of a closure system in a crystalline host rock
- Combine information and find common features:
  - Closure design
  - Methods used in the performance assessment of closure systems
  - Identified challenges and needs for closure optimisation



## TASK 4

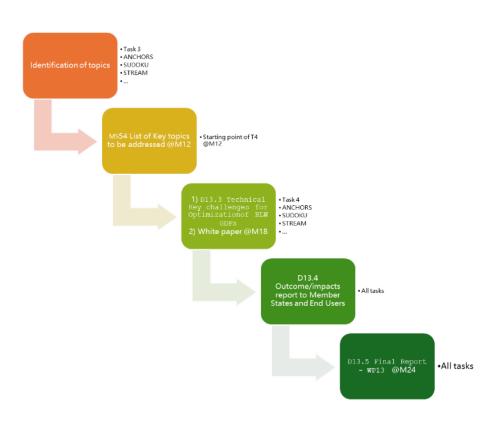
- Starting with year 2
- Task will provide overviews of the identified optimisation topics and possible optimisation approaches, considering the views of the REs, WMOs, TSOs and CSOs. The task will identify potential needs for further activities
- Key topics/SSCs will be identified and future research topics will be named
- Key topics/SSCs already identified during the WP preparation are Buffer, Backfill, Lining and Closure including Plugs/Seals, in different host rock domains, e.g.:
  - Optimization of buffer and backfilling composition and installation methods
  - Optimization of closure process, (gallery) sealing design, location and installation methods
  - Design of gallery support structures and flexibility in changed geo-mechanical conditions, especially in claystone



#### **T4 PROCESS**

- Identification of key topics includes the exchange with linked WPs
- The related white paper will be published by moth
   18
- Discussions about a second wave proposal in parallel to the identification of key topics
- Work in progress...





Workflow identification of key topics

# **DELIVERABLES**

Number	Deliverable name	Short description	Туре		Delivery date (in months)
1	Draft: Existing actor views	Report summarizing the understanding in participating countries, colleges and participating civil society plus general literature about optimisation of GDF, input from first workshop (milestone 1)	R Draft (Green) Paper	SEN WP internal mpl	eted 6
	Final: Mutual Understanding of actors views about optimisation	Based on milestone 2, finalise deliverable 1 by documenting the mutual understanding/consensus view about the goals, strategies, and key challenges within optimization.	R Final (Green) Paper	PU In progr	25 <sup>5</sup> 14
2	Technical Key challenges for Optimization of HLW GDFs	Documents potential for further actions for specific key optimisation challenges, based on milestone 2 and 3	R (White) paper	PU	18
3	Outcome/impacts report to Member States and End Users	Summarize the papers and the work in task 3 and 4, including case study as test field, conclude what new position was formulated	R Technical Report	PU	20
4	Final Report	Summarize the papers and the work in task 3 and 4, including case study as test field, conclude what new position was formulated, Summarize End user Feedback	R Final Report	PU	24

EURAD-2 Annual event n°1 (Bologna)

# **THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!**

