



# **Civil society expectations**

EURAD-2 annual event, Bologna 2025 Second wave session

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## **EURAD-2 vision, objectives and principles – What about Civil Society?**

#### EURAD Vision

A step change in European collaboration towards safe radioactive waste management (RWM), including disposal, through the development of a robust and sustained science, technology and knowledge management programme that supports timely implementation of RWM activities and serves to foster mutual understanding and trust between Joint Programme participants.

#### EURAD objectives

- Develop, maintain and consolidate the scientific and technical basis of radioactive waste management
- Address important & complex issues and enable expert networking
- Enhance knowledge management and transfer between organisations, Member States and generations
- Engage with Civil Society, in the spirit of the Aarhus Convention

### EURAD principles

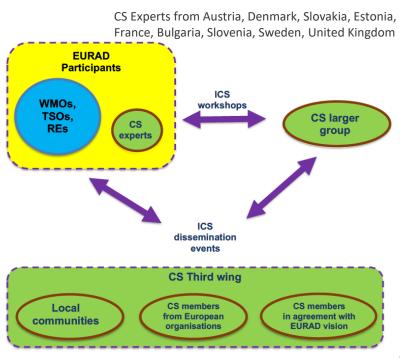
- Positive Participation
- Maintenance of Independence
- Transparent Governance
- Scientific Excellence
- Balanced Programme

- Added Value
- Inclusiveness
- Equitable Financing
- Complementary Participation
- Tangible Results

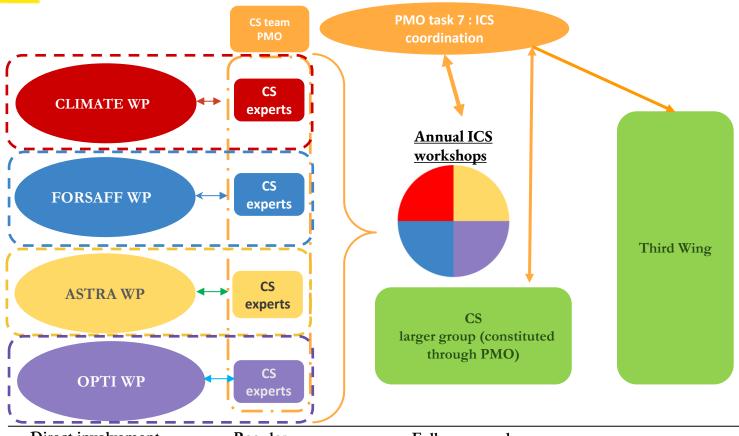


## Maintaining fruitful ICS activities based on implemented processes

- Heart of the Interactions with Civil Society in EURAD 2: establishing tailored trust-building processes through intermediary bodies.
- Not the objectives of public debates or large representativity, but the objective of long-term engagement with interested parties, in order to build mutual trust
- Model of pluralistic interactions developed and tested in European projects (SITEX-II, JOPRAD, EURAD-1)
  - CS experts with technical and socio-technical background, involved in EURAD activities through NTW, translating scientific/technical results for exchanging with
  - A larger group of dedicated CS representatives (CSOs, representatives of local communities, individual experts)
  - Organisation of dissemination events to include additional types of CS actors: local communities and CS members from European organisations like representatives of EESC



#### STRUCTURE AND METHODS OF ICS ACTIVITIES IN EURAD-2



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## Further involving civil society in R&D activities

- Being involved directly R&D activities can allows CS members and their organisations, to have access to
  information at the very beginning of the knowledge chain. It is the upper level for an establishment of
  mutual trust. In the spirit of the Safety Culture (INSAG4), CS involvement can contribute to the quality of
  research process, by taking seriously the expectations and knowledge produced by CS, which means
  above all developing the ability to listen on the part of experts, rather than just passing on information.
  - → This was experienced and implemented in the **CORI-UMAN-ICS dialogue**, and in **MODATS WP**, and is about to start in **ASTRA-CLIMATE-ICS dialogue**.
- New powerful methodologies have still to be experienced, notably about integrated development and assessment of challenging scenarios.
- The **new arrival of possible SSH** researchers, wished by CS members, could contribute to more fruitful articulation, as CS members and SSH researchers could work together on some common R&D topics, with complementary roles.

Proposal: let's envisage a Research-Participation-Involvement framework (technical experts, SSH, CS)\_

## Opening perspectives towards ambitious horizons





- 1) Empowering the different trust-building processes:
  - → More tailored interactions in R&D activities
  - → And more third wing events for dissemination
- 1) Towards a fruitful articulation with the policy-preparation angle of **European Economic and Social**Committee
- 2) The spirit of openness made possible in EURAD2 with adapted methodologies could be envisage **to scale up** in other EC research programmes (within EURATOM and Horizon, for instance), with innovation for building more trust.





